THE CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

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VOL. 36. EMPORIUM, PA., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 5, 1901. NO. 28.

Our Spring Clothing

Has arrived and we are ready for the Spring and Summer campaign.

During the past few months we have almost entirely closed out all left-over stock, therefore start in with an

Entirely New Stock.

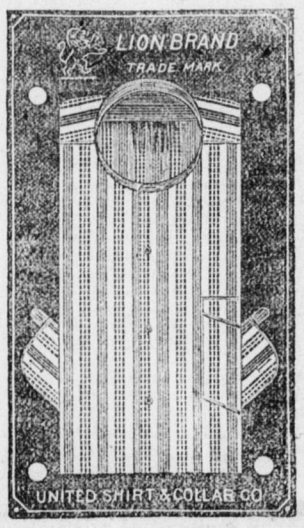
READY-MADE CLOTHING, (Stylish make.)

ELEGANT LINE of FURNISHINGS,

TRUNKS, SATCHELS, &c.

We are agents for the LION Brand Shirts and have recently received a very fine assortment of these celebrated

$1.00 SHIRTS.



They Are Beauties.

We continue to keep the.

MAC HURDLE DRESS SHIRTS.

We want every citizen of this county to call and inspect our present stock, feeling assured that you will be pleased.

R. SEGER & SON,

Next to Bank, Emporium, Pa.

SEE THE

New Arrivals

FOR 1901!

Without a doubt the largest, high-class, popular manufactures of Cloths ever brought into Cameron county, at

R. SEGER & COMPANY'S.

We have taken especial care in the selection of our goods and propose giving our hundreds of customers.

HONEST, WELL-MADE CLOTHING AT LOWEST LIVING PRICES.

Every dollar's worth of goods must give the wearer satisfaction. We desire all who intend purchasing a suit of clothes this spring to file their orders early, that care may be given to every customer, no matter whether you want a $15 or $40 suit.

R. SEGER & CO.

Opposite M. E. Church.

AFTER THE BATTLE

Some are found bleeding and sore, while others have a fit of the blues. Now if there should be any so unfortunate as to suffer from the effects of accidents we have the Balm for their pains and aches, let it be either for man or beast.

Our liniment and powders for horses or cattle are always the best.

Our medicines are pure and always get there. The prices are right too.

Our patent medicine department is supplied with all the standard remedies and we can supply your on short notice.

Our toilet and fancy goods department we keep up to the times.

Our Prescription department receives our closest attention and all calls answered day or night. Just touch the button. In fact we are here to do business and serve the public.

M. - A. - ROCKWELL,

THE PHARMACIST,

WALL PAPER!

We have as fine a stock of wall paper as can be found in this county. The designs are all this spring's styles and the prices we are offering these handsome p ts at are wonderfully low. We are determined to dispose of this stock.

CARPETS AND MATTINGS.

It is time to replace that old carpet of yours with a new one Our line of carpets is the most handsome we have ever had and are admired by all who have seen them. We have held the carpet trade of this county for a number of years and our low prices and fair treatment have been steadily making this store the most popular.

We also have a very pretty line of mattings.

LACE CURTAINS.

Although the spring season has been somewhat late this year, our sale of curtains has been large. We have some excellent values yet in stock. All wishing good curtains at a low price should call.

M. C. TULIS.

Hon. A. C. Hopkins, or the White Pine King.

The largest distributors of white pine lumber in the eastern section of the United States are located at Buffalo and Tonawanda, N. Y. The growing scarcity of white pine in Michigan and Wisconsin, the section in which the lumber distributed at Buffalo and Tonawanda has been largely secured, has led these dealers farther west for their supply of high grade white pine lumber and another year will see large consignments of white pine shipped from the Pacific slope.

This condition has led to the discovery that the largest tract of white pine in that section is held by Hon. A. C. Hopkins, of this city.

A representative of The Times called upon Mr. J. G. Pierce, or Oregon, who arrived in this city this week. Mr. Pierce is associated with Mr. Hopkins and is thoroughly familiar with the timber. He kindly granted an interview.

The timber is located in Oregon, two miles north of the boundary line between that state and California and lies on the southern end slope of the Cascade Range, in Jackson and Klamath counties There are 40,000 acres in the tract and the stumpage is estimated at 1,500,000,000 feet, of California white pine and 500,000,000 feet of fir, besides other woods.

This California pine is very similiar in quality and fibre to the white pine growing in this state. It is, however, very much larger in size and runs to a higher percentage of high grade lumber. The largest tree measures eight feet in diameter at the stump and is 65 feet to the first limb. The log next to the stump will scale 8,000 feet and the first four logs will scale 30,000 feet. The entire tree contains at least 50,000 feet.

Mr. Pierce says there is a spot on the lands where 100 trees can be seen without moving one's position, none of the trees being less than five feet in diameter at the stump. The trees run in length from 135 to 225 feet.

Hon. Hervey Lindley, of Klamoth, Oregon, who has been in the city for the past week owns timber adjoining Mr. Hopkins' lands. He said, "Mr. Hopkins has the largest lot of standing white pine timber owned by any one man in the world."

Mr. Hopkins has been holding this timber for years. He has in his office a California pine plank two inches thick, 38 inches wide and 16 feet long, without a flaw of any kind. The increasing demand for the higher grades will now bring this timber into the market.—Lock Haven Times.

Driftwood Personals.

Gazette:—Mrs. Jones and the Misses Bleth, of Benezette, visited V. K. Corbett and family over Sunday.....S. G. McElwain is again doing duty at Renovo for several days this week. Wm. E. Streeter, of Ridgway, has charge of his turn here during his absence..... B. G. Woodwaad, who has been in Buffalo since last May, has returned and will take up his duties as principal of our schools next month .... Miss Nellie Hogon and brother William, of Emporium, and Mrs. Rogers and daughter Cecil, of Binghamton, N. Y., visted P. O'Conner and wife last week.

Elocutionary Entertainment.

Miss Almeda Larrabee, of the New England Conservatory, Boston, will give an elocution and voice recital under the auspices of the Y. P. S. C. E. of the Baptist church, Saturday, Sept. 14th.

Miss Larrabee has given recitals in Boston, Albany, Philadelphia, Washington and other cities with great success.

Her readings reach the hearts of all her hearers. She has a contralto voice and renders her solos with the most pleasing effect.

Full particulars given in next week's issue.

Ladies of the Maccabees.

There will be a meeting of the Hive next week. Our next meeting will be on the 17th inst. at which time we will chance off the Centre Piece for which we have been canvassing.

DEBORAH HOCKLEY,
Lady Commander.

Sept. 4, 1901.

Family Reunion.

The relatives of Mrs. John Summerson, propose having a family reunion, at her home in Sterling Run, on her 77th birthday, Saturday, Sept. 7th. All relatives and friends are invited to come and bring their baskets.

Lightning's Work.

Last Saturday afternoon a severe storm visited Sizer Run and serious damage was inflicted on Amandus Doll's residence. Lightning struck his home, shattering and demolishing one end of the house. Mrs. Doll, who was alone in the house was severely shocked and rendered unconscious for a time.

Big Crowds at Pan-Am.

The crowds to Buffalo are daily increasing and all trains are crowded. An unusually large number of Emporiumites left here on Tuesday's Flyer. Among the party were Mrs. Chas. Seger and son Harold, Mrs. Ed White, Mrs. C. W. Shafer, Mrs. Geo. Metzger, Jr., Mrs. C. Jay Goodnough, and many others whose names we could not learn.

Golden Wedding.

A large number of friends and relatives met at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Washington Mason, in Gibson, on Friday, Aug. 30th, it being the 50th anniversary of their wedding.

All came with baskets well filled and a splended dinner was served. Many handsome and useful presents were received. All went home pleased over the happy event.

Severely Scalded.

Last Tuesday afternoon Edward F. Brady, who is assisting his father at the furnace at this place, met with a painful accident. It appears the steam line to the laboratory sprung a leak and underminded the ground at a point between the office and works, and when the young man was passing over the same the ground gave way, his right leg sinking into the scalding hot water and mud, severely burning that member. He was taken to Rockwell's drug store, where Dr. Baker and Mrs. Rockwell relieved his suffering. No serious results are apprehended and the sturdy young man will soon be ready for another "bath," but no doubt will prefer a cold one.

Collins C. Lyman Called to His Reward.

The grim reaper at last removed from life one of our oldest and best known citizens, Mr. Collins C. Lyman, father of Mr. Anson T. Lyman, one of our most respected citizens.

The death of Mr. Lyman had been expected for some months past on account of his age and his infirmities, and therefore the community in general was not wholly surprised. His demise came at 1 o'clock Monday morning, after a long illness as the result of his age.

The deseased was born at Lymansville, Potter county, and was one of the early settlers of that section and in fact of Potter county. He had nearly his whole life been actively engaged in lumbering and farming and up to five years ago was a hard working citizen of the county.

He was married in 1851 to Miss Alvira Logue, at Lymansville, who died about sixteen years ago. He is survived by three children, the oldest being Mr. A. T. Lyman of this place, Mr. Oscar Lyman, of Emporium and Mrs. Malie Edwards of Sizerville.

The funeral was held at Sizerville, Wednesday morning and the interment was at that place. Many sympathizing friends of the family accompanied the sad funeral party to that place. The services were conducted by Rey. Johnston who gave an excellent discourse.—Austin Republican. Mr. Lyman was for many years a respected resident of this county and held many positions of trust, the most important being county commissioner for three years.

All the latest styles in neckwear at N. Seger's.

LAYING OF THE CORNER-STONE.

Bishop Whitehead and Prominent Churchmen Formally Conduct the Ceremony.

Yesterday afternoon, at four o'clock, the corner-stone of Emmanuel Episcopal Church, of Emporium, Pa., was placed in position by the Rt. Rev. Cortland Whitehead, S. T. D. Bishop of Pittsburg, assisted by the Rev. L. F. Cole, Arch-Deacon, the Rev. Messrs. J. H. B. Brooks, Oil City; F. S. Spalding, Erie; A. J. Nock, Titusville; H. M. Clark, Ph. D., Port Allegany; R. Alan Russell, Kane, and J. F. Kirk, North East. At the appointed time a large number of our citizens, representing all of the Emporium churches, assembled at the scene of the new edifice.

The Bishop, visiting Clergymen, the Rector, Church Wardens, Vestrymen and Choir, robed in accordance with the laws of the church, met at the old church and proceeded to the foundation of the new church, in the following order:

WARDENS—Mr. B. W. Green, Mr. Josiah Howard.

VESTRYMEN.—Messrs. Geo. A. Walker, W. H. Howard, Thos. Gallagher, Thos. Trotter, Joseph Kaye, Dr. A. W. Baker, C. F. Mankey, J. D. Logan.

Visiting Clergymen and Rector J. M. Robertson.

The Rt. Rev. Cortland Whitehead, S. T. D.

Surpliced Choir of the Emmanuel church.

After singing, prayer and responsive reading, addresses were made by Bishop Whitehead, Revs. F. S. Spalding, of Erie, and R. Alan Russell, Kane. The several addresses were well received and favorably commented upon by those in attendance.

The lateness of the hour forbids our giving a more elaborate account of this important event in the history of Emporium Emmanuel church.

CONTENTS OF THE CORNER-STONE.

1. A Historical sketch of the Parish.
2. Copy of the Convention Journal, 1901.
3. Complete File of the Parish News.
4. List of persons Baptized in the Parish.
5. A Photograph of the Old Church and Rectory.
6. Copies of current issues of the New York Churchman, Journal and Advocate, (New York), The Church Standard, (Phila.), The Church News, (Pittsburgh), The Public Ledger, (Phila.), Press, (Phila.), Times, (Phila.), THE CAMERON COUNTY PRESS and *The Independent*, Emporium.
7. Coins and Souvenirs: Gold Five Dollar piece, Silver Dollar, Half Dollar, Quarter Dollar, and Ten Cent piece, Nickle Five Cent piece and Copper One Cent piece, (the last in aluminum rim—Pan-American souvenir). All of coinage of 1901.
8. Copy of the service used at the laying of the Corner-Stone.
9. Copy of application for Charter of Incorporation, made by R. C. Caswell, 1870, from certified copy.

Delegate's Badge of the Firemen's Convention, Emporium, August 14-16, 1901.

After the close of the ceremony a reception was tendered the Bishop, clergyman, vestry and choir by Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Howard, at their residence on Sixth street. The entire party of clergymen left on 6:25 train for Kane to perform a similar duty.

BRIEF MENTION.

There will be service in Baptist church next Sund y morning at 11 o'clock.

Cameron Knights of the Golden Eagle are preparing for an ox roast, dance and supper to take place Friday evening, Oct. 4th. The general public are invited.

Prof. W. H. Budine, the well known eye specialist will be at the Warner House, Emporium, Pa., Sept. 11th, where he will test and examine the eyes free. All work guaranteed. Remember Prof. Budine also guarantees to cure all cases of headache, caused by weak eyes or astigmatism. New lenses ground to fit old frames.

REDUCED RATES TO SCRANTON VIA PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

For the meeting of the State League of Republican Clubs, to be held in Scranton, September 17 and 18, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets to Scranton from all stations on its line in the State of Pennsylvania and from stations on the Belvidere Division, Trenton Belvidere, inclusive, at the rate of one fare for the round trip (minimum rate, 25 cents). Tickets to be sold and good going September 16, 17, and 18, and to return until September 20, inclusive.

2119-28-2t.

WEATHER REPORT.
(Forecast by T. B. Lloyd.)

FRIDAY, Fair.
SATURDAY, Showers.
SUNDAY, Fair.

Republican County Convention.

In accordance with a resolution adopted by the Republican County Committee, empowering the Chairman to call a Caucus and County Convention, the Republican Primary Elections and County Convention for Cameron county will be held as follows, to-wit:

County Convention.

The Republican County Convention will meet at the Court House, in the Borough of Emporium, on

TUESDAY, SEPT. 17TH, 1901,

at 1:00 o'clock, p. m.,

For the purpose of nominating one person for Associate Judge, one person for County Treasurer, and the nomination of any other officers that may be necessary and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the Convention, and in accordance with the rules, notice is hereby given, that the following named persons have filed, in writing, with the said Chairman their intention to be Candidates before said Convention:

For Associate Judge,
GEORGE A. WALKER.

For County Treasurer,
ELIHU CHADWICK,
WALTER YOTHERS.

Notice is hereby given that the following amendment to the party rules will be presented to the said Convention for action:

Amend Section 13, page 8, so as to read the time and place for holding the primary election shall be advertised in at least one Republican paper in the county for at least two regular issues prior to the date of closing and filing of nomination papers for Delegates to the County Convention.

B. W. GREEN, Chairman.

ATTEST:—
A. C. BLUM, Secretary.

Republican Primary Election.

The Republican Primary Elections for Cameron county will be held on

SATURDAY, SEPT. 14th, 1901.

Emporium Borough—West Ward, at Opera House, at 7:00 to 9:00 p. m.—5 delegates; Middle Ward, at Council Room, at 7:00 to 9:00 p. m.—4 delegates; East Ward, at Hose House, at 7:00 to 9:00 p. m.—3 delegates.

Shippen Township, at Court House, at 2:00 to 3:00 p. m.—7 delegates.

Portage Township, at Sizerville Bath House, at 6:00 to 8:00 p. m.—2 delegates.

Lumber township, at McConnell's Store, Cameron, from 6:00 to 8:00, p. m.—3 delegates.

Gibson Township, at Curtin House, Driftwood at 2:30 to 4:30 p. m —4 delegates.

Driftwood Borough, at Curtin House, at 7:00 to 9:00 p. m.—3 delegates.

Grove Township, at Joe M. Shaffer's, from 6:00 to 8:00 p. m.—4 delegates.

By order of County Committee,
B. W. GREEN, Chairman.

Attest:—
A. C. BLUM, Sec'y.

Medicine Case Lost.

While returning from Britton Hill last Friday, Dr. S. S. Smith had the misfortune to lose his medicine case. The finder will be liberally rewarded by returning same at once.

Adjudged a Lunatic.

The committee appointed by the court to examine into the case of Frank Burnell, have reported that they find the afflicted man a hopeless lunatic and almost helpless. We understand he will be taken to Warren in the near future.

A Decided Success.

The chicken supper held at the home of Del. Reed, on Moore Hill was a complete success, both socially and financially. It was given for the benefit of Rev. Poyer, and resulted in netting nineteen dollars to the good. Much credit is due to those whose enterprise is responsible for the success of the affair.

Literary Prize Contest.

Answer to question number 12: Franklin chained the lightning; Wheatstone taught it the alphabet; House made it a printer; Morse put it in harness; and Edison compelled it to become a public servant.

Query No. 13:—What is the glory of a nation?

Send in your answers and get the prize offered by the Emanuel Free library. Address box 163, Emporium, Pa.

Those Saving Banks.

Last year the First National Bank of our town introduced the Home Savings Banks. At that time the boys and girls of our town and vicinity had very little money deposited to their credit in the bank. Now after a year's trial of these little banks which they take home with them, and drop their savings into and once in, cannot be taken out until returned to the First National Bank and credited in their pass book, they now have *thousands of dollars to their credit* in the bank. When a boy or girl, man or woman once, secures a bank-book, they are often eager to add more money to their account.

The good old Quaker once said to his boy: "Tom, it is not what thee reads that makes thee smart; it is not what thee eats that makes thee fat; nor what thee earns that makes the rich, but what thee saves."

This saving-habit may be acquired through the steady use of these little Home Savings Banks. Thus little by little you acquire the habit of saving. Parents should heartily encourage their boys and girls to do so.

WANTED a Girl for house work, no baking to do, apply at once.

J. L. FOBERT.

Above express office.

EASTMAN'S KODAK

You can carry it in your hands, on your shoulder, in your pocket or on your bicycle. You press the button and the Kodak will the rest.

"A Dollar Saved, is a Dollar Earned."

We can save you lots of dollars by buying your Wall Paper, Curtains and Paints of us.

H. S. LLOYD.

CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

H. H. MULLIN, Editor.

Published Every Thursday.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Per year.....$2 00
If paid in advance..... 1 50

ADVERTISING RATES:

Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Rates by the year, or for six or three months, are low and uniform, and will be furnished on application.

Legal and Official Advertising per square, three times or less, $2; each subsequent insertion 50 cents per square.

Local notices 10 cents per line for one insertion: 5 cents per line for each subsequent consecutive insertion.

Obituary notices over five lines, 10 cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.

Business cards, five lines or less, $5 per year; over five lines, at the regular rates of advertising.

No local inserted for less than 75 cents per issue.

JOB PRINTING.

The Job department of the PRESS is complete and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO LAW PRINTING.

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

The tendency to form clubs is one of the vital phenomena of our civilization.

One of the Queerest of Clubs.

Men and women nowadays organize themselves into an association for every imaginable purpose. The growth of "trusts" is only a larger application of the same principle. Thus far we have had no "medical trust," and we make bold to express the hope that we never shall have one, says the Philadelphia Journal. But, if reports are true, our patients are beginning to organize. There has been formed, according to rumor, a Tabetic association. It is not to be an inco-ordinate body, but well organized, and is to offer a prize of $10,000 for a sure cure for locomotor ataxia. In the present state of pathology we fear the offer is a safe one, but we sympathize heartily with the new club, and can even see ground for believing that some good can come out of it. A community of interests is certainly a vital principle among men, and there is no reason why the victims of posterior sclerosis should not find in one another's society a bond of fellowship that may make the general burden of their infirmity less grievous to be borne. To be sure, we have known some tabetics who could hardly be classed as "clubable" men, but a unity of purpose will do much to mitigate the slight asperities that might arise from social distinctions and individual idiosyncrasies. It is a curious fact that locomotor ataxia is one of the few very chronic affections that constantly appeal to the imagination of doctors and patients alike as having in reserve some latent tendency toward recovery. Many experts refuse to be discouraged by it; many patients linger on in the fond hope and expectancy of cure. Let us trust that these hopes yet will be realized, and that the new club will be an active agent in securing such earnestly desired results.

Hagerstown, Md., was treated to a performance of "Iolanthe" on a recent evening, and the local musical critic "wrote it up" in the following catch-as-catch-can style: "Melodic curves of divine intensity vaulted aloft mirroring the perturbations of music's soul and painting the struggle for sublimal expression upon the airy fabric of voice dreams. Ecstatically, yet orderly, the chorus rang its accompaniment, dashing the serene waves of its cloud-cap visions right to the ultimate bars of human reach. The audience was sympathetic and enrapt, hanging with dramatic fervor to the meticulous inspiration of the passionate verve of the sinuous irresistibly direct and coordinate harmonies, which passed oft the ivory gates and scored their triumphs in the very heart of music's capital." Wouldn't that rattle the rafters of your dome of thought?

Miss Helen Gould recently gave a valuable collection of books to a Stockton (Kan.) library, and was asked to send the library association a picture of herself to hang in the reading room. She replied: "You are very kind to ask for my photograph for the library, and I am sorry not to send it as you suggest, but, for two reasons, I have made it a rule to keep my likeness from public use; first, because I do not feel I have done anything entitling me to such a distinction, and, secondly, because I am quite annoyed by cranks, and it seems a little safer not to be readily recognized—more comfortable, at any rate. With good wishes for the Stockton library and the people of your community, I remain, very truly, Helen Miller Gould."

The youngest home-seeker to draw a claim in the Lawton district of the Kiowa reservation, Oklahoma, was little Ruth Donovan, the one-year-old daughter of the late Judge Donovan, of Enid. Judge Donovan was a soldier. He died a few months ago, leaving a little orphan daughter, now only one year old. A guardian was appointed for the child and her name was registered for a claim under the law giving soldiers' widows and orphans the right to homestead land on the same basis that soldiers themselves can make entry. She drew a claim and her guardian can hold it for her.

READY TO BREAK AWAY.

Pennsylvania Democrats View the Situation with "Incredulous Amazement."

The Pennsylvania democrats in convention assembled waived "all questions and propositions on which the people of the nation divided into political parties." The platform makers of the convention declined to "point with pride" to the record of the party or to leaders or to principles, but viewed, not with alarm but with "incredulous amazement," the spectacle presented in the commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

They denounced in the most lurid and extravagant terms the republicans of Pennsylvania who gave McKinley a majority of 284,463 in 1900 and who voted for the return of Matthew S. Quay to the senate, but they had not one word of praise for Mr. Bryan or for the platforms of 1896 and 1900.

The democrats of Pennsylvania appear before the country simply as denouncers, and in vociferous and hysterical denunciation and abusiveness it must be admitted that they stand head and shoulders above even the middle-of-the-road populists of Texas. They are noisy in declamation, but they are like the loose-jointed moralist who, finding himself at an old-fashioned revival meeting without experience or principles or convictions, made amends by shouting.

They seem to believe that they can win on a platform of abuse, but they surrender at the very beginning of the campaign all pretense of making any fight for principle, or, for that matter, for party. They have only one plank, and that is vilification of the republicans who control the state government and the legislature.

This will remind a good many people of the story of the colonel who ordered a retreat in the face of the enemy, and, as his men fled in disorder to the rear, shouted: "Yell, boys, yell; yell and swear; make a noise!" and the men yelled and swore, but all the same they took to the woods.

Judged by the same rule, the democrats of Pennsylvania who view the situation in their state with "incredulous amazement" are preparing to take to the woods. They are lurid and extravagant in their denunciation of republican leadership and republican policy, but they have not a word to say in defense of democratic leadership or democratic policy.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

IOWA ON THE TARIFF.

Regard Agitation as Unnecessary and Injurious to the Country.

The declaration of the Iowa republican state platform in favor of such changes in the protective tariff system from time to time as may become advisable "through the progress of our industries and their changing relations to the commerce of the world," is likely to be seized upon with avidity by the advocates of a revision of the tariff at the coming session of congress. Yet there will be no justification for believing the republicans of Iowa are in favor of tariff revision at this time.

The republican protective policy is indorsed in the Iowa platform, and reciprocity is named as the natural complement of protection. In common with all other republicans of sense, those of Iowa are in favor of revision when it shall be necessary, and when the work can be done by the friends of protection. They also favor the adoption of reciprocity treaties wherever there is a chance to extend the trade of the United States by such a course. The republicans of Iowa would resist as strenuously as would those of any other state any attempt to revise the Dingley law on lines such as are likely to be laid down by the tariff destroyers, who are preparing to make a raid on congress next winter, and who have started the agitation in favor of revision to pave the way for the raid.

In response to letters sent out by the American Protective Tariff league the American Economist is publishing statements from republican senators and representatives in all parts of the country opposing any agitation of the tariff question next winter. These members of congress agree in declaring that there is no demand for revision now, and that tariff agitation can only result in injury to the business of the country. They say there is nothing the matter with the United States and they are in favor of letting well enough alone. In that they will be supported by business men in all parts of the country. — Cleveland Leader.

☞The democrats will not be able to make a canvass in Iowa which will excite the country much. In the governorship canvass in 1899 the republicans had a plurality of 56,000, and they had a lead of 98,000 for president in 1900. There does not seem to be much chance for the democrats to cut the republican plurality down below the 50,000 mark this year. If the republican lead should be down to 40,000 the democrats will be surprised. The democrats are not claiming Iowa this year.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

☞President McKinley is having a more restful and agreeable summer than the presidents of some big industrial corporations. It must be conceded that on the whole Uncle Sam & Co., unlimited, is a very efficient, easily managed and altogether satisfactory concern to do business with or for.—Cleveland Leader.

☞"Give democracy a chance," says the Philadelphia Times. Make 'em stop kicking first and find out what sort of a chance the leaders can agree upon.—Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

THE TREASURY SURPLUS.

Under Republican Control the Government Coffers Are Full to Overflowing.

America's solons cut off about $40,000,000 of revenue in the recent session of congress, and then they triumphantly said that they had abolished the surplus. The country at the time was inclined to believe them. It has turned out recently that they were mistaken. The surplus has not been annihilated, but is coming up again in rather portentous shape. Receipts largely exceeded expenditures in July, the first month of the fiscal year, which is an unusual circumstance, as July is a month of heavy treasury payments for bond interest and other things. August thus far has continued July's record. Clearly, if this thing keeps on congress will be called on to make another attack on the surplus next winter in the direction of cutting off more of the revenues. Most of the war taxes of 1898 were swept away by the recent cut in revenues, and one issue which the democrats thought would be of service to them vanished. Some more taxes will apparently have to be abolished within the next year or two.

It will be observed that, though we have a revenue problem on hand at the present time, and had one last winter, these are different from the troubles which confronted the democrats. President McKinley's problem is to keep the revenue from pouring out of the tops of the treasury vaults. President Cleveland's problem was to get enough money to cover the bottoms of the vaults. Secretary Gage is buying government bonds so as to keep the surplus down. Secretary Carlisle sold bonds so as to avert a deficit which would send the country down to the silver or greenback basis. There have been several complaints from treasury officials in the past year or two that the gold stock was getting so high that it was becoming a burden. The plaint in Cleveland's second term was that not only was there not enough gold in the treasury to keep the fund up to the greenback redemption line of $100,000,000, but that there was such a difficulty in getting gold that the government was virtually at the mercy of the money changers. The terms to which the government had to submit in getting some of its gold in Cleveland's days did much to discredit that statesman in his own party, and aided to roll up the big republican majority cast in 1896.

Of course, as the present Gen. Grant once remarked, it is easier to manage a surplus than a deficit. The fact that the deficit of the democratic days has been succeeded by a surplus in this republican period shows one of the differences between the financiering and the statesmanship of these two parties. The democracy creates deficits and debts. The republican party accumulates surpluses and cuts down debts or abolishes them. When the republicans came into power in the national government in 1861 they found the treasury empty, although there had been profound peace throughout the United States for more than a dozen years, or since the treaty with Mexico in 1848. Not only was there no money in the treasury, but the democratic attempts to get money in the last year of Buchanan's administration were a humiliating failure. The democrats of 1861 not only bequeathed an empty treasury to the republicans, but they handed over a war which lasted four years and which cost more than any other conflict in the whole history of the world. The republicans, although new to power, raised money enough to carry on the war to a successful termination, and then they started in to pay off the obligations which the war entailed. These obligations were reduced to a low figure when the calamity of Cleveland's second election came, which resulted, in a time of peace, in an increase of $262,000,000 in the interest-bearing debt. The republicans are reducing this debt, and also the burdens caused by the Spanish war. Webster's magnificent tribute to Hamilton as a revenue producer—"he smote the rock of the national resources and abundant streams of revenue gushed forth; he touched the dead corpse of the public credit and it sprung upon its feet"—could truthfully be applied to more than one of the republican party's treasury chiefs.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

☞Mr. W. J. Bryan gives another evidence of his incurable demagogism by denouncing President McKinley for sending a dispatch of sympathy to Emperor William on the death of his mother and not to Mr. Kruger on the death of his wife. Sensible people know that such dispatches are matters of international comity and quite devoid of a personal aspect. As the Transvaal government was never recognized as independent and as Mr. Kruger had no official standing in the diplomatic world there was no reason why the president should express official sympathy for him. If Mr. Bryan were president the exigencies of the situation would have required him to do exactly as President McKinley did.—Indianapolis Journal.

☞Many prominent democrats say the silver issue is dead without mentioning the fact that all the rest of the democratic platform is in a poorly condition.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

☞Editor Bryan can no more help giving out advice to the democratic party than a curculio-smitten plum can help exuding gum.—Chicago Tribune.

☞The democratic party's most serious drawback is the lack of calamity material for platform building.—Rochester Democrat and Chronicle.

TWO KILLED, 28 INJURED.

Record Made in a Railroad Accident on the Northern Central at Fairville, N. Y.

Newark, N. Y., Aug. 30.—The accommodation train leaving Sodus Point over the Northern Central railroad and which arrives in this village at 6 o'clock was derailed last night at the station at Fairville, about ten miles north of here. Engineer William Meagher, of Sodus Point, was killed, 28 persons were injured, one of whom, Howard Tubbs, the ticket agent at Lake Shore, died soon after. Libby Ford, of Newark, will probably die.

The train was made up at Sodus Point and consisted of four coaches, a baggage car and engine. The train was running at nearly 40 miles an hour. Approaching the station at Fairville there is a curve and gravel pit. For some unknown reason the engine jumped the track while passing the gravel pit. The force of the accident turned the engine completely around, throwing the five cars on their sides.

The train load of some 150 passengers was thrown into the ditch and the engine and all the cars were badly broken up.

Help was quickly summoned from the neighboring houses and all the assistance possible was rendered. Word was also sent to Sodus and Newark for physicians and a special train containing five doctors left Newark at 6:45 o'clock. Upon its arrival the Newark passengers were placed on board and sent to Newark. Five were sent to Rochester hospitals.

Rev. Burgess, one of the injured passengers, was for 20 years past pastor of the Park Presbyterian church at Newark. He is 73 years old, and it is doubtful whether he recovers. He is badly scalded and his right leg broken. Mrs. Burgess is also among the seriously injured.

The private car of Superintendent Spencer Mead was attached to the train. His wife was seriously ill. The car was derailed, but the occupants were not injured.

The cause of the wreck is not known exactly, but it is thought the rails spread. There have been heavy rains recently and probably in this way the tracks were loosened.

The country near the scene of the wreck is thickly populated and it was not long before farmers were driving from all directions. The injured and dying were quickly pulled from the debris and improvised couches were made up on the grass. Nearly all the injured were badly scalded by the bursting of the steam pipes running under the cars.

UNIFORM RATES.

Fraternal Congress Decides that All Its Members Shall Adopt a Certain System of Assessments for Death Benefits.

Detroit, Mich., Aug. 30.—In view of the fact that many of the delegates to the fraternal congress, now in session here, desired to leave for home last evening the election of officers was made the special order of business for Thursday's session. The following were elected:

President H. A. Warner, Topeka, Kan., representing the Knights and Ladies of Security; vice president, Joseph S. Langfitt, Pittsburg, supreme regent of the Royal Arcanum; secretary, M. W. Sackett, of Meadville, Pa. Denver was chosen as the next place of meeting.

The special committee appointed to consider the matter then reported a recommendation that the uniform rate bill be amended so as to require fraternal and beneficial societies paying death benefits that may hereafter be organized, to provide rates not less than the mortality table in the bill, and that after July 1, 1905, it apply to all other fraternal societies paying death benefits, organized and doing business in each state.

The recommendation further provides that the uniform bill make provision so that each society can determine and accept for itself such plan, whether local rate, step rate or modification, provision for term insurance or during so-called period of dependency, or death assessment, so long as the results conform to the requirements of the mortality table adopted by the congress.

This resolution was offered as a substitute for the report of the committee on statutory legislation and provoked a long debate. J. G. Johnson, representing the Modern Woodmen of America, talked for an hour and a half against change in the rate, intimating strongly that if such a change was made the Woodmen might withdraw from the congress.

At the evening session, after much debate on the subject, A. P. Riddle, of Kansas, offered an amendment referring the entire question of a uniform rate to a special committee of seven for consideration, the committee to report at the next session of the congress. The amendment was overwhelmingly defeated and the committee's report was then adopted by a vote of 96 to 61. Delegates of the Modern Woodmen who were interviewed after the vote was announced refused to predict whht action would be taken by their body as a result of the congress' action, but did not hesitate to express their disapproval of it.

Made a New Record.

Chicago, Aug. 30.—World's wagon record, with an amateur driver, was broken at Washington park Thursday by F. G. Jones, who drove the pacing gelding Little Boy a mile in 2:03 3-5. This displaces the former figures of 2:04¼, which C. K. C. Billings held with Free Bond.

A Remarkable Accident.

St. Louis, Aug. 30.—In an accident due to a spreading rail on the Southern railroad, four miles from East St. Louis, yesterday, Frank Haefle, chief car inspector of the road, lost his life, Elmer Drumm, fireman, was fatally injured. The accident was one of the most curious known in the annals of railroading. Mr. Haefle was inspecting cars with the aid of a locomotive. A spreading rail caused the huge machine to leave the track. The jar caustd the boiler to explode with terrific force, covering the men with broken iron and enveloping them in a cloud of steam.

THE CALDAS SERUM.

It Is Useless as a Preventive of Yellow Fever—Germs of the Disease are in the Blood.

Havana, Aug. 33.—Maj. Havard, chief surgeon, says that, as the yellow fever commission regards the experiments with the Caldas serum as demonstrations of its uselessness, the commission has definitely severed condition with the Brazilian expert and will not supervise any further experiments conducted by him.

"Dr. Caldas has all along maintained that he had found the yellow fever germ in the intestines," remarked Maj. Havard yesterday, "whereas all the experiments conducted here prove that the germ of the disease is in the blood, people having been directly inoculated by blood infection from a person suffering with yellow fever."

Maj. Gorgas, chief sanitary officer, made the following statement:

"Some confusion has arisen regarding the precise position of the sanitary department in connection with the yellow fever experiments. In March of this year the sanitary department established an inoculation station at Las Animas for the purpose of inoculating non-immunes—that is to say, giving them yellow fever in order to make them immune. This was not an experimental station and is not such, the sole object being to effect immunization.

"The sanitary department has nothing to do with the recent experiments conducted by the yellow fever commission, nor with those conducted by the officials sent by the war department to investigate the origin and propagation of yellow fever, although it did supply the Carroll commission with mosquitos.

"The sanitary department stands ready to immunize any one who desires to undergo the treatment after the risk has been fully explained. It accepts the work of Surgeon Maj. Reed and his coleagues of the army commission as final and does not desire to make further experiments in this direction. No amount of evidence could make more positive the conclusion that yellow fever can be conveyed by the mosquito. The person who submits to mosquito infection, however, stands better chance of recovery than one who contracts the disease accidentally, as the former has care from the beginning."

A WARNING TO RUSSIA.

Is Told by Austria-Hungary to Keep Her Hands Off the Balkan States.

London, Aug. 30.—The Roumanian premier, M. Sturdza, recently visited Vienna, where he had long conferences with Count Goluchowski, the Austro-Hungarian minister of foreign affairs, on the situation in the Balkans. He also conferred with Gen. Von Beck, chief of the Austro-Hungarian general staff.

Immediately after this visit, articles appeared in the semi-official Hungarian papers—articles believed in some quarters to be inspired by Count Glouchowski—warmly protesting against Russia's intrigues in the Balkans. These protests were based on rumors that Russia was massing troops on the Roumanian frontier and sending torpedo boats into the Kilia, an arm of the Danube; and they plainly warned Russia that, unless she faithfully adheres to the Austro-Russian agreement of 1897 to preserve the status quo in the Balkans, Austria "will resume her liberty of action."

The idea underlying this warning appears to be that Russia, having attained her objects in eastern Asia, is now ready to pursue similar aims in the Balkans.

One Berlin paper has gone so far as to describe the agreement of 1897 as "an instrument to keep Austria quiet while Russia is engaged in Manchuria."

CATHOLIC SOCIETIES.

They Take Steps Toward Forming a National Federation.

New York, Aug. 30.—Bishop McFaul, of New Jersey, opened the convention of Roman Catholic societies which met at Long Branch yesterday to effect a federation of the societies throughout the United States.

A temporary organization was effected, plans were offered for a constitution and form of organization, and officers and committees were appointed to hold office until a permanent organization is effected. The meeting was well attended by delegates from most of the eastern and middle states, representing organizations having a membership of over 300,000.

It was decided to hold the convention for permanent organization in Cincinnati, December 10. After the election of the following officers the convention adjourned.

President, Henry T. Fries, Erie, Pa.; vice president, Thomas W. Fitzgerald, N. Y.; secretary, John J. O'Rourke, Philadelphia; treasurer, M. P. Mooney, of Cleveland.

The Miners' Convention.

Hazleton, Pa., Aug. 30.—With the adoption of the report of the committee on resolutions, the United Mine Workers yesterday practically finished their work. The resolutions recommend written agreements with all the coal companies, strict compliance with the present contract, continuation of the card inspection system and instruct President Mitchell and the district presidents to confer with the coal companies regarding card inspection and violation of agreements. These officers are vested with power to declare a strike if contracts now in force are not lived up to.

Three Official Heads Chopped Off.

Pittsburg, Aug. 30.—Recorder Brown last night sprung a big surprise on the political world of this city, by decapitating three official heads and appointing their successors, who will assume charge at once. The deposed officials are: J. O. Brown, director of public safety, to be succeeded by Andrew Fulton, at present superintendent of highways. Clarence Burleigh, city attorney, to be succeeded by William B. Rodgers, attorney. Robert Ostermaier, delinquent tax collector, to be succeeded by William B. Hays, a prominent oil man.

THE KNIGHTS TEMPLAR.

Triennial Conclave Is Held at Louisville—A Big Parade, a Prize Drill and Election of Officers.

Louisville, Ky., Aug. 28.—It is estimated that 300,000 people yesterday witnessed the parade of Knights Templar. Thirty thousand knights in full uniform were in line, forming an imposing spectacle with which to begin the twenty-eighth triennial conclave. The march covered a distance of four miles. The course was protected by wires strung along the sidewalk to keep spectators in check. This innovation in handling holiday crowds was highly successful.

There were 11 cases of prostration due to heat and exhausion. Sir Knight Irwin Barnard, of Greenville, Ind., was overcome while marching. His condition is reported serious. A portion of the Y. M. C. A. reviewing stand at Fourth street and Broadway collapsed. Half a doze npeople sustained bruises, and Mrs. James Carnahan, of Washington, suffered a broken ankle.

Louisville, Ky., Aug. 29.—Colorado comandery No. 1, of Denver, before a throng of 18,000 people and under the eyes of a board of judges composed of three regular army officers and a representative of the Knights Templar yesterday captured first prize in the competition of drill teams from commanderies of the knights. St. Bernard No. 35, the favorite with the majority of the spectators, took second place, while Golden Gate No. 18, of San Francisco, and Hanselman No. 15, of Cincinnati, came in for third and fourth prizes respectively.

California commandery No. 1 being the only mounted command, had no difficulty in capturing the trophy for the best appearance and drill on horseback. The other contestants were Columbia commandery No. 2, of Washington, and Allegheny No. 35 of Pittsburg.

The drill was the first since 1883, when Louisville carried off first honors. The contest took place on Churchill Downs, the home of the Louisville Jockey club.

Louisville, Ky., Aug. 30.—After electing officers and selecting San Francisco as the place of meeting the first Tuesday in September, 1904, the triennial conclave of Knights Templar, which has been in progress here since Tuesday, adjourned yesterday.

The festivities came to an end with a magnificent ball held last night.

Henry Bates Stoddard, of Bryan, Tex., was elected grand commander, to succeed Reuben H. Lloyd, of California. Col. George H. Moulton, of Chicago, was elected to succeed Mr. Stoddard as deputy grand master.

IS A DANGEROUS CRAFT.

Shamrock II. Shows that She Is the Swiftest of All the English Challengers.

New York, Aug. 28.—The Shamrock II. was given a good long spin on Tuesday both inside and outside the Hook. She was tried in windward work and broad and close reaching. In fact the challenger was given a run in a breeze that sometimes piped up to 12 knots. The good opinion of her speed, merits and ability to carry lofty canvas was emphasized.

Many yachting experts who saw her performance call her a wonderful boat. All say she is the most dangerous proposition that has ever come over the waters hunting for the America's cup. She had life in her every minute. She gathers way with remarkable rapidity, and is quick in stays, points very high and stands under a tremendous spread of canvas like the proverbial steeple. At no time did she put her rail under, even when wearing around close-hauled and taking a 12-knot breeze abeam. With all this she is a very beautiful boat under sail and, taken altogether, is a decided improvement over the old Shamrock.

The Shamrock covered the nine miles from the southwest spit to Owl's Head against the tide of three knots, in 59 minutes. The run back over the same course, including six tacks, was done in 57 minutes.

SUES SIX BANKS.

Uncle Sam Seeks to Recover Money Paid Out on Fraudulent Pension Vouchers.

Boston, Aug. 28.—Acting under instructions from the treasury department Assistant United States District Attorney Casey has brought suit in the United States circuit court against six national banks of this city to recover money on checks taken by them.

The sums range from $5,000 down a sliding scale, the banks affected being the National Exchange, the National Bank of Redemption, the First national bank, the National Bank of the Commonwealth, the National bank of the Republic, the Merchants' national and the Atlantic national. The allegation is that the banks have paid fraudulent pension vouchers after having drawn upon the sub-treasury in this city for the amount.

The suits are the outcome of the arrest and conviction of A. W. Munson, who died recently in the Rhode Island state prison, Munson wos sentenced to ten years' imprisonment for unlawfully making false certificates on pension vouchers and for fraudulent endorsements. As the collections were made through the Boston banks, the United States government decided to bring suit against them for the recovery of the full amount.

Decided Against the Claimant.

Washington, Aug. 28.—Judge Barnard, of the supreme court of the District of Columbia, has decided the case of Willis West vs. the secretary of the interior, in favor of the government. This is one of 11 cases recently brought by persons claiming right to allotments in the lands in Oklahoma recently ceded by the Kiowa and other Indian tribes, the claimants being for the most part white men and women who have married Indians. They sought to secure writs of mandamus compelling the secretary to recognize their selections.

BOILER GAVE WAY.

Many People Killed in a Steamboat Disaster.

The Steamer City of Trenton is Wrecked on the Delaware River Near Torresdale, Pa.—More Than 20 Persons Injured and Four Passengers Are Missing.

Philadelphia, Aug. 29.—While the steamer City of Trenton, of the Wilmington Steamboat Co., was on her way from this city to Trenton, N. J., Wednesday afternoon, her port boiler exploded, killing seven persons and injuring over a score of others. Four passengers are missing, but as many sustained slight injuries, it is thought the missing may be among those who did not find it necessary to go to the hospital. The dead are:

J. D. Chew, assistant engineer.
Miss Elizabeth Green, Philadelphia.
Two firemen, names unknown.
One deckhand, name unknown.
Two passengers, names unknown.

Missing: Mrs. John Matthews, Philadelphia.
Mrs. Matt Lacross, Philadelphia.
Two children who were seen to jump overboard.

Late last night two additional bodies were recovered from the wreck of the steamer and were brought to the morgue in this city. At midnight, the city police, who are searching the river, caught the body of a boy on their grappling irons in the channel of the river where the explosion occurred. This makes a total of ten lives lost by the accident.

A half hour after the body of the boy was recovered the grapplers came across the eleventh victim, that of a middleaged an.

After the explosion the boat took fire and ran aground. She now lies a wrecked and blackened hulk in the marshes opposite Torresdale, 15 miles above this city. Her hold is filled with water, and it is feared that more of her passengers and crew may be found in the bottom of the boat when the water is pumped out.

The City of Trenton made daily trips between Philadelphia and Trenton, stopping at Burlington, N. J., Bristol, Pa., and other points on the way. She left the company's wharf at 1:45 o'clock yesterday afternoon, 15 minutes behind her schedule time.

Nothing of moment occurred until the boat reached Torresdale. At a point opposite what is known as the Harrison mansion, a spacious building fronting the Delaware river at this suburban resort, the steam pipe connecting with the port boiler burst. The forward portion of the upper deck was well filled with passengers, while many others were in the cabin.

Before any of the passengers or employes had an opportunity of seeking places of safety another explosion occurred and this time the port boiler was rent in twain. Scalding steam and water poured into the cabin, and sections of the woodwork of the boat were torn away by the force of the explosion. Those of the passengers who were not injured by the scalding steam and boiling water were struck by the flying portions of the splintered cabin.

Legs and arms were broken and faces and bodies were parboiled. The screams of the injured could be heard on shore and the cries of those who leaped and were blown into the river were heartrending. So great was the force of the explosion that a piano in the upper drawing room of the boat was hurled many feet away from the boat into the river.

When the explosions occurred Mate Vanderver and Pilot Curry were in the pilot house. Both were hurled with terrific force from the little enclosure, and the wheel on the starboard side refused to work, while that on the port side, for some unaccountable reason, began revolving with lightning-like rapidity. As a result of this the rudder turned the bow of the boat towards shore and she quickly ran aground, fastening herself in the mud.

By this time the vessel had caught fire and those of the passengers who were still aboard were compelled to leap for their lives. Fortunately the water was not more than four feet deep and many victims of the disaster were able to wade ashore. Some, however, who were too seriously injured to help themselves, were rescued by members of the boat clubs whose houses line the river front at this point. The captain and crew of the boat conducted themselves as heroes. They rendered all the assistance possible to the injured and Capt. Werrall was the last man to leave the boat.

Philadelphia, Aug. 30.—It developed yesterday that the result of the explosion of the boiler on the steamer City of Trenton, while on her way up the Delaware river from this city to Trenton, N. J., Wednesday afternoon, was more appalling than was at first supposed. Nine persons are known positively to be dead, at least 19 are missing, most of whom are believed to have been on the steamer, and two of the injured still in the hospital will probably die.

As to the exact cause of the explosion nothing is yet known, but a rigid investigation is to be conducted at once. Fire Marshal Lattimer, Coroner Dugan, the police department and the United States boiler inspectors for this district will each carry on an independent investigation, but little can be known until the survivors have been examined and a careful inspection of the wrecked steamer shall have been made.

Lemly's Call for Witnesses.

Washington, Aug. 29.—The list of witnesses prepared by Capt. Lemly, judge advocate of the Schley court of inquiry, was made public yesterday. The list of witnesses to be called by the judge advocate throws considerable light upon the lines of testimony which he will seek to adduce before the court. Admiral Sampson, as commander-in-chief of the fleet, heads the list. Then follow the captains of all the ships engaged in the Santiago campaign with the exception of Capt. Clark, of the Oregon, and Capt. Phillip, of the Texas, the latter having died since the war.

NAVAL VETERANS.

Their Parade Will be a Notable Feature of the G. A. R. Encampment.

Cleveland, Aug. 27.—The naval parade of encampment week, which will be participated in by the National Association of Naval Veterans, the National Association of Union Ex-Prisoners of War, the Seventh O. V. I. Regimental association and other organizations, will take place on September 10, the anniversary of the victory of Commodore Perry at the battle of Lake Erie.

The parade will form at 9 a. m. and will move at 9:30 a. m. The parade will be reviewed from a point on Bond street opposite the Central armory by Commander-in-Chief Rassieur, of the Grand Army, and other notables.

In the afternoon there will be a reception to the naval veterans in the Cleveland Yacht club house on the lake front and a display of boats in the harbor, among which will be the steamer Michigan, of the United States navy, the revenue cutter Fessenden and the Yantic and the Hawk.

In the evening will be a display on the lake front and the dog watch of the National Association of Naval Veterans will be held in Grays' armory. This dog watch is similar to the Grand Army camp fire.

Further Arrangements Made in Connection with the Encampment.

Cleveland, Aug. 29.—General orders issued from the national headquarters of the Grand Army in St. Louis a few days ago give full information on points connected with the national encampment of the Grand Army to be held in this city. Commander-in-Chief Rassieur has named the committee on credentials for the encampment. This committee will be on duty at headquarters in the Hollenden from 4 p. m. to 9 p. m. September 10 and from 4 p. m. to 5 p. m. September 11. The committee will issue badges for delegates to the national encampment to department officers presenting their credentials. A committee has been appointed to apportion reviewing stand tickets pro rata among the departments, the same to be handed to the officers who present the credentials and receive the delegate badges.

Among the amendments to the rules and regulations to be offered during the encampment is one submitted by the Department of Arkansas to insert the word "voluntarily" in the clause debarring from membership any who have ever borne arms against the United States. This is to open the doors to loyal men who were impressed into service in the Confederate army, but who afterwards escaped to the Union lines and fought for the flag.

Beautiful cards of invitation have been issued by the Ladies of the Grand Army to a reception to be given in honor of the national president, officers and delegates, at the Hollenden on September 10. The Ladies of the G. A. R. have secured an automobile in which delegates will be conveyed from their respective places of arrival in the city to their headquarters and from the Hollenden to the Young Men's Christian association building, where the national convention is to be held, and return.

There Will be Room for All.

Cleveland, Aug. 30.—The committee on public comfort is ready to take care of all strangers during G. A. R. week, a large number of rooms in private houses having been secured. There is still room in the hotels and boarding houses, which in Cleveland are many and large. No assignments of rooms will be made in advance of arrival, thus avoiding discrimination. When the applicants arrive in the city, they will be assigned rooms from the headquarters of the committee at 342 Superior street.

OBEYED THE MANDATE.

Nebraska Republicans Ask Gov. Savage to Put ex-Treasurer Bartley Back in Prison and He Does So.

Lincoln, Neb., Aug. 29.—The ticket:

Justice of Supreme Court—Samuel H. Sedgewick, of York county.

Regents of the University—Carl J. Ernst, of Lancaster; H. L. Goold, of Keith.

Republicans of Nebraska, in state convention yesterday, after a night of conflict and a morning of uncertainty, nominated the above ticket, adopted a platform in harmony with party policies and made a new record for industry in the disposal of business.

The action of Gov. Savage in paroling from the penitentiary ex-State Treasurer Joseph S. Bartley, furnished the only real excitement of the convention.

Supporters of the governor succeeded in having all resolutions referred to a committee without debate and the committee in return reported against parole and while not impugning the motives of the governor, demanded the return of the ex-treasurer to the penitentiary, and was sustained.

The final chapter of the release of ex-State Treasurer Bartley came late last evening when Gov. Savage, following the action of the republican state convention, cancelled the parole of the ex-treasurer, surrendered him to the sheriff of the county and ordered his return to prison.

The governor said he had intended from the beginning to send Mr. Bartley back to prison at the expiration of the 60-day parole, if he did not comply with the conditions of his release, which he thus far had failed to do. He simply hastened the action, he said, because public sentiment seemed to demand it.

Mrs. Nation in New York City.

New York, Aug. 29.—Mrs. Carrie Nation arrived in this city yesterday. She had an interview with Police Commissioner Murphy during which he told her that she would be arrested if she violated the law in this city. Mrs. Nation also called at John L. Sullivan's saloon to see the expugilist in reference to a statement he was alleged to have made to the effect that he would "throw her in the sewer." Sullivan sent down word that he was ill, but made an appointment to meet her next Monday. She then went to see Archbishop Corrigan, but he was out of town.

MORGAN'S OFFER.

President Shaffer Is Now Ready to Accept It.

Former Employes of the Tin Plate Mill at Irondale, O., Assault Non-Union Men and the Plant Is Forced to Suspend Operations for Lack of Workers.

Pittsburg, Aug. 28.—President Shaffer has sent out letters to all members of the executive committee of the Amalgamated association inviting their approval of the peace plan agreed upon last Saturday by the representatives of the National Civic Federation and the Amalgamated association officials.

First, that the New York offer of July 27, made by Messrs. Schwab and Morgan, be accepted. This provided that the tin plate mills resume under the scale signed for the year beginning July 1; that the hoop company sign for all mills signed for last year, and that the sheet steel company sign for all mills signed for last year, except Old Meadow and Saltsburg.

Second, that a provisional scale be arranged, but not signed, for Painter's, Lindsay & McCutcheon's, and the Clark mill, leaving recognition of the union open.

Third, that the United States Steel Corporation formally declare its attitude toward organized labor, this declaration to take such form as will have a reassuring effect upon the men in the mills.

President Shaffer assented to these propositions and is now awaiting the result of a vote by mail. If approved the Civic Federation people will endeavor to secure an audience with the steel corporation officials in New York.

The one place within this district where the strikers have scored a victory is at Irondale, O. At this place the American Tin Plate Co. was compelled to close down its recently opened plant for lack of men to operate it.

The day was full of excitement in the little village and street fights came thick and fast for a time, until the inhabitants were wrought into a state of excitement bordering on terror.

When this failed a stronger argument was used and the men were given a drubbing and driven back to their homes. The village had scarcely recovered from the surprise which this attack occasioned when word was passed around that a party of new men were driving overland from Wellsville. Almost all the strikers at once started to meet the carriage and when they passed the mill office Ira Householder, a non-union man, shouted at them. This action precipitated a fight. Manager Banfield saved Householder by dragging him inside and shutting the door.

The company then attempted to file information before Justice Paisley, charging the strikers with riot, but the justice refused to entertain the charge, saying he would issue warrants for those mixed in the fights, charging assault, but no more serious offense. The attorney then began the preparation of papers to ask for an injunction restraining the strikers from interfering with non-unionists in any way. All the men who have been employed in the mill joined the Amalgamated yesterday except Ira Householder and James Hinman.

According to reports from the organized tube workers who are striking in sympathy with the Amalgamated association, there is a lot of trouble in store for them for the hasty action they took in walking out of the plants of the National Tube Co. without the formality of submitting their cause to the general officers of the American Federation of Labor. It has been discovered, so the men say, that they have violated the constitution of the federation, which provides that before going out on strike a local lodge receiving a charter direct from the Federation of Labor must submit a list of grievances to the executive council of the federation for approval. Failure to do this cuts off the striking lodge from all strike benefits from the federation or from other allied trade unions.

Most of the tube workers struck without this formality having been gone through with. To settle the strike now, they have no general officers to act for them, and only the various lodge officers can act in matters pertaining to peace.

Pittsburg, Aug. 29.—The steel corporation yesterday continued making gains in this district and added enough men to its force at the Star plant to insure the working of two mills double turn, night and day, from now on. The management claims that the entire plant will be on full before the end of the week. The strikers say this claim cannot be made good, and is being made merely as a bluff.

Notwithstanding the position taken by the steel corporation as to a settlement, another arbitration was launched last evening by Simon Burns, president of the Window Glass Workers' association. Mr. Burns proposes an arbitration committee selected from among such men as Archbishop Ireland, Bishop Potter, Seth Low and others of like prominence, who, after having the entire matter explained by both sides to the controversy, shall have absolute authority to settle upon terms of settlement. Their decision to be final and accepted by both parties.

An Alleged $43,000 Forgery.

Havana, Aug. 29.—A man named Vargas some time ago paid a check for $43,000 into the Royal Bank of Canada to his own credit. The Royal Bank of Canada presented it for payment to the Spanish bank, which immediately paid it. This occurred August 3. Since that date the Royal Bank of Canada has honored checks against the original deposit until only about $14,000 remains to the credit of Vargas. The Spanish bank now says that the drawer of the check declares it to be a forgery. An interesting litigation is likely to ensue.

FOREIGN GOSSIP.

In a single year the French police expel over 4,000 foreigners from France. Of these about 1,500 are Spaniards, 1,300 Belgians and 500 Germans.

The number of emigrants who left Italy in 1900 was 153,209. Of these only 22,696 went to America. Austria got 44,916 on them, Germany, 48,395; France, 34,900; Switzerland, 27,129, etc.

A wine dealer in Malaga is about to plant 20,000 coffee trees, as a commercial experiment. While Porto Rico and Cuba belonged to Spain, coffee culture was not permitted at home.

Recent statistics show that the average expense of living in Norway, including the entire population, men, women and children, is 160 kroner per capita, or about $32 a year—9 cents per day.

The feudal system never existed in Norway. The peasants have always maintained their right to acquire property, and have enjoyed greater freedom than the same class anywhere else in Europe. This has prevented the accumulation of land in large estates.

The oldest authentic specimen of the bagpipe now in existence is believed to be that now in possession of Messrs. J. &. R. Glen, of Edinburgh, which bears the date 1409. It is very much the same as the Highland bagpipe of the present day, except that it wants the large drone.

Utopia is now known to be located at Orsa, in Sweden. The community has, in course of a generation, sold $4,600,000 worth of trees and by means of judicious replanting has provided for a similar income every 30 or 40 years. In consequence of this commercial wealth there are no taxes.

The entire area of Norway is about 124,000 square miles. Of this 64 per cent. is rocks, bare mountains, glaciers and permanent snow and ice. Twenty-one per cent. is standing timber, 4 per cent. is bogs, 7 per cent. pasture, while only about 3 per cent. is arable land. Nevertheless, in spite of this small area there are 146,000 farms by the last census, owned by 109,000 different farmers.

SUMMER HATS FOR HORSES.

In the Opinion of Expert Veterinarians They Do More Harm Than Good.

Fantastic summer hats for horses were never more prevalent than they are to-day. There is a mistaken notion that they are a boon to the animals. To jam this particular style of headgear upon a horse's head, already protected by a natural topnot, is in most instances only making the animal more susceptible to the heat, says the New York Mail and Express.

According to the best veterinarians, the spinal column is the part of the anatomy most sensitive to the sun's rays, and a horse with a light covering over his back can work two hours to the "hatted" horse's one. The aveage horse would, in their opinion, be a great deal better off in the summer time if his considerate owner left off protecting his head and simply exercised the ordinary precaution of resting him now and then in the shade.

Many men use the poorest sort of judgment in the methods they employ to relieve horses from heat. The Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals does not approve of the sponge, because, in nine cases out of ten, it is only dampened once in the morning and for the rest of the day absorbs the heat and centers it upon the horse's head. To shower a horse, and then allow the thick topknot to dry out until it becomes a stiff shell through which no air can permeate, is of more injury to a horse in 30 minutes than if he worked two hours in the sun without any protection or rest.

Farmers laugh at the two-storied awnings, felt protectors and straw hats which the city horses are made to wear. They have found that the exercise of a little common sense in caring for a horse is worth a hundred artificial safeguards. It is very seldom one hears of prostrations among farm horses, although they work from day to day in the open field where the sun beats down fiercely.

The hat fad has only been in existence here since 1897, when it was introduced from Paris. In the opinion of many it will pass away, as did the ear tassels and fly nets so prevalent in the early '80's, and the trousers and overalls as protection from flies and mosquitoes in 1875.

According to the best authorities, the drivers of 25 and 30 years ago, who stretched an awning from the wagons to the horse's collars, had the right principle for protection against the heat. The horse's head was never covered, and a prostration was then the exception and not the rule.

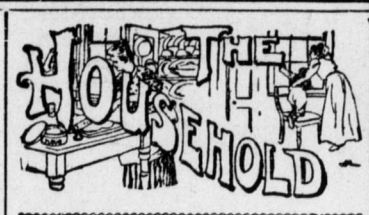
The Megaphone in Warfare.

During the great Ashantee campaign the megaphone was tried by the British officers for giving orders, since the columns traversing through the African bush were so long that it was impossible to convey orders in the usual way. The experiment was unsuccessful, however, because the thick jungle and the winding paths prevented the sound from traveling.—N. Y. Sun.

Made a Bad Break.

The Boarder — I protest against drinking any such water as this. It is positively warm!

The Lady of the House—Gracious, man! that's not water! That's your coffee!—Yonkers Statesman



HOW TO CLEAN METALS.

Useful Suggestions Which Should Find a Prominent Place in the Household Scrap Book.

To clean brasses quickly and economically, rub them well with vinegar and salt of oxalic acid. Wash immediately after the rubbing and polish with tripoli and sweet oil. Unless the acid is washed off the thing will tarnish so quickly its last estate will be worse than its first. Copper kettles and saucepans, brass andirons, fenders, candle-sticks and trays are best cleaned with vinegar and salt. Cooking vessels in constant use need only to be well washed afterward. Things for show—even pots and pans—need the oil polishing, which gives a deep, rich yellow luster good for six months. Oxalic acid and salt is the thing for furniture brasses—if it touches the wood around it only improves the tone. Wipe the brasses well with a wet cloth and polish thoroughly with oil and tripoli. Sometimes powdered rotten stone does better than tripoli. Rub after using, either with a dry cloth or leather, until there is no trace of oil. No matter what sort of brass is to be cleaned it must be freed completely from grease, caked dirt and grime. Wash with strong ammonia suds and rinse dry before beginning with the acid and salt.

The best treatment for wrought steel, which has a knack of growing gray, lusterless and ill-looking, is to first wash it very clean with a stiff brush and ammonia soap suds, rinse well, dry, by heat if possible, then oil plentifully with sweet oil and dust thickly with powdered quicklime. Let the lime stay on two days, then brush it off with a clean, very stiff brush. Polish with a softer brush and rub with cloths until the luster comes out. By leaving the lime on, iron and steel may be kept from rust almost indefinitely.

Before wetting any sort of bric-a-brac, and especially bronzes, remove all the dust possible. The less dust water finds about fine lines and crannies the less it can leave there. After dusting, wash well in strong white soap suds and ammonia, rinse clean, polish with just a suspicion of oil and rotten stone and rub off afterward every trace of the oil. Never let acid touch a bronze surface, unless to eat and pit it for antique effects.—Emily Holt, in St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

COMBINATION DRESS.

Chinese Women Make New Departures by Adopting Semi-European House Gowns.

Never before have fashionable ladies of China shown as much interest in European costumes as they are showing now. Though like their spouses they are conservative in almost all things, they have not of late been able to close their eyes to the charm of modern fashions, and as a result they are now wearing on festive occasions a costume which is partly European and partly Chinese

UP-TO-DATE CHINESE BELLE.

and which is altogether a notable specimen of the sartorial art.

It is light blue in color and, says the New York Herald, silk is the usual material of which it is fashioned. Over a long gown, which is copiously ornamented with embroidery and miniature paintings, falls a loose wrapper, and beneath this is a small jacket reaching to the waist. Around the neck is a collar, which is a distinctly European feature, but, on the other hand, above this is a headdress which is decidedly Chinese and the latest invention of a distinguished tailor in Peking.

Thus, while Chinese ladies of high rank dress in some respects like their European sisters, they still continue to differ from them in some very essential respects. It has been conjectured that the reason may be because they are determined not to imitate them too closely, and that this is why they are now wearing such a picturesque headdress.

A Hint for Housewives.

A vanilla bean kept in the sugar box imparts a delicious flavor to the sugar.

THE GIRL PHILOSOPHER.

Passing of the Sailor Hat Leads Her to Indulge in Sundry Sentimental Speculations.

"The saddest subject of the year is the demise of the sailor hat," said the girl philosopher as she removed a long hatpin from her pancake straw, ornate with polka-dot satin ribbon. "I wonder if there is a girl living who has not a host of tingling memories associated with the little round straw hat, simple in its plain band of her college colors?"

"Or his college colors," suggested the sallow young woman, smoothing out a long plume on her Gainsborough.

"Or with the band pinned on by a little brass emblem of the army," added the fluffy-haired girl, whose head was adorned with a tilting rose garden.

IF THE OLD SAILOR COULD TALK.

They all three sighed in unison.

"Early in the season," began the philosopher again, "the houses handling correct sailor shapes boldly decorated their windows with the plain hats. It gave me the blues to observe these windows. It was like gazing at the picture of a long-lost love. Parties of girls down town for shopping or for luncheon would give them a glance only and hurry on to a millinery display of brave feathers and lace. But each girl, whether she selected a tailorish fedora, a golf hat, a shirt-waist hat or white lace picture hat, must have sent one melancholy thought back to the sailor. For every girl who ever held a tender thought for a certain man remembers how he told her that she should always wear a sailor, adding that a shirt waist and a sailor hat were the prettiest articles of apparel ever worn by a woman. She must recall what he said about the way her hair blew out about her temples from beneath the hat and how it cast becoming shadows in her eyes. How many pretty stories could the old sailor tell of moonlight confidences as it lay modestly on the lower step of the veranda! Por old hat!—how many times has it been nearly drowned before it was fished out of the water by a long boat-hook while two eager young faces watched it bobble under the jabs of the hook and two pretty white hands at last shook it over the side of the boat and laid it out in the sun to dry! How well it kept the secret of the long walk in the shady path leading from the galleried hotel to the water's edge, when it was swung carelessly at the side of its owner! Not a hint did it ever give of the moment it was transferred to the other hand because the one which held it first was wanted by some one. It even held its peace demurely on the center table when mamma asked pointed questions about the wearer's gleaming third finger."

"The good old sailor," mourned the fluffy-haired birl, glancing at her own third finger. "It was always a mascot."

"Almost always," corrected the sallow young woman, looking pensively at her unadorned hand.

"Then," said the philosopher, "when the summer grew tired and that round straw hat was getting yellow with the leaves, how bravely the sailor rode the top wave of some girl's sun-bleached hair as she went to market. And in the cool evenings, along the broad avenues, what visions one got by the gleam of a bicycle lamp of a laughing face under a sailor hat!

"Poor old sailor hat! Its last sad rites are being performed in the back rooms of shops. Pine boards are being nailed over it. Its fate is sealed."—Chicago Daily News.

Fads in Portrait Painting.

One of the newest fads in portrait painting is to portray the fair sitter under the shade of her parasol. She must seat herself in a garden chair and must hold her parasol over her head, so that its shade falls upon her face. None of her features is hidden, but she is as under a becoming canopy. A famous society painter of England is making a specialty of these portraits, having done one of Princess Victoria and another of a famous court beauty.

Maryland Breakfast Rolls.

Boil and mash six potatoes and sift into them one quart of flour. Add three well-beaten eggs, one teacup of butter and one cake of yeast, or half a cup of baker's yeast. Let rise over night. In the morning break off small bits, roll quickly in your fingers and make envelope-shaped, putting a bit of butter under the turned-over lid. Let rise again and bake in a very hot oven.

Dainty Salad for Summer.

Select six fresh cucumbers all the same size. Pare, cut in halves lengthwise, scoop out the centers and lay in water till wanted. Dry and fill with a mixture of sweetbreads and peas, dressed with mayonnaise. Set on a green lettuce leaf on individual plates. Serve with dainty plain bread and butter sandwiches and baked apples.

Cameron County Press

ESTABLISHED BY C. B. GOULD.

HENRY H. MULLIN,
Editor and Manager.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

Per year.....$2 00
If paid in advance.....$1 50

ADVERTISING RATES.

Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Rates by the year or for six or three months are low and uniform, and will be furnished on application.

Legal and Official Advertising per square, three times or less, $2 00; each subsequent insertion 50 cents per square.

Local notices ten cents per line for one insertion, five cents per line for each subsequent consecutive insertion.

Obituary notices over five lines, ten cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.

Business Cards, five lines or less, $5.00 per year over five lines, at the regular rates of advertising

No local inserted for less than 75 cts. per issue.

JOB PRINTING.

The Job department of the PRESS is complete, and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO LAW Printing.

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

STATE.

Justice of the Supreme Court,
HON. WILLIAM P. POTTER.

State Treasurer.
HON. FRANK G. HARRIS.

Political Announcements.

All Announcements under this head must be signed by the candidate and paid in advance to insure publication.

ASSOCIATE JUDGE.

Editor Press:—
Please announce my name as a candidate for Associate Judge, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.
GEO. A. WALKER.
Emporium, Pa., July 15th, 1901.

COUNTY TREASURER.

Editor Press:—
Please announce my name as a candidate for County Treasurer, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.
ELIHU CHADWICK,
Shippen, Pa., July 13th, 1901.

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Editor Press:—
Please announce my name as a candidate for the office of County Treasurer, subject to the decision of the Cameron County Republican Convention.
WALTER YOTHERS.
Driftwood, Pa., July 17th, 1901.

How They Hurt Them.

Didn't the Democrats hit the trusts hard when they were in power? Didn't they hit the Whiskey Trust when they extended the time for paying the ninety million dollars taxes due the Government? Didn't they lam it to the Sugar Trust when they dallied with the Tariff bill until the trust had scraped the earth for raw sugar and brought it in free under the McKinley bill? Didn't they sock it to the trusts again when they repealed the anti-trust provision of the McKinley bill which imposed a fine not exceeding $5,000 on persons convicted of entering into a trust, and then enacted an anti-trust law that prescribed no penalty against trusts, except among importers, who are not organized and never have been? Don't they make the trusts tremble when they assert that only the Protective Tariff fosters them, while it is known that trusts are organized and flourished in Free-Trade England? Don't they land another staggering blow to the trust octopus when they threaten to bust it, when it is known that ther national chairman, James K. Jones, belongs to one of the biggest trusts in America? Didn't they hit the Ohio trusts hard when they denounced them in their platform in 1899 and then went to Washington, D. C., and picked out the rankest monopolist and trust stock owner to run for Governor? Didn't the New York Democracy present a fine spectacle as a trust fighter with a ringleader of the whole pack crimminally connected with the American Ice Trust? Didn't Chairman Jones land another broadside into the octopus when he offered an amendment to the Porto Rican Tariff bill to return the duties on sugar imported from that island to the person from whom they were collected, which would have put over $600,000 back into the hands of the Sugar Trust?—Bridgeton (N. J.) "Pioneer."

Letter to H. C. Olmsted.

Emporium, Pa.

Dear Sir: There are a thousand ways to cheat in our business; and whether our neighbors suspect us of cheating or not, depends on ourselves, our talk, our face, our eye, our walk, our standing straight up or crooked—our neighbors know all about us without being told!

We are pretty well known. We are no infant—146 years old—began business on this little island (New York) in 1754. Have been making paint and a noise in the world ever since.

And there isn't a man, alive or dead, that wouldn't testify for us, if you should stir him up.

We grind lead and zinc in linseed oil by machinery, all together. That's our business. We live on the profit--machinery over hand-work. Painters mix their paint by hand—they imagine they do—they half mix it. We grind together: whole-mix. Better and costs less money.

We are the very best friend the painter has, if he knows it—yes, whether he knows it or not. He can't afford not to know it. We are the painter's customer's friend. We save them both money.

Yours truly,
49 F. W. DEVOE & Co.

Mr. G. A. Stillman, a merchant of Tampico, Ill., writes: "Foley's Kidney Cure is meeting with wonderful success. It has cured some cases here that physicians pronounced incurable. I myself am able to testify to its merits. My face to-day is a living picture of health, and Foley's Kidney Cure has made it such." L. Taggart.

A Misdirected Sentiment.

Professor Shaler of Harvard University, in his recent book, "The Individual," makes a considerate, but much needed, protest against the prevalent custom of spending money in costly monuments to mark the final resting place of the dead. Life is nothing without sentiment, but sentiment should be enlightened and directed by rational considerations, and we contend that this way of honoring the departed does not commend itself to the most enlightened judgment. Granting that it is desirable, from the individual's own point of view, that his memory should not be forgotten, it is possible in any real way to save from oblivion the memories of the vast majority of men? President Eliot of Harvard has expressed the opinion that only about one person in ten million is destined to achieve lasting fame; oblivion more or less complete will be the sure portion of the rest. The memory of an ordinary person will not outlive the lives of those who knew him personally. Only a limited circle of these, made up of his nearest relatives and closest friends, will really cherish his memory, and they will do it for love, and without the aid of an imposing shaft. When this circle shall have passed away, the memory of his personality will also have perished utterly. His name may be preserved, but it will be but a name. And what is in a mere name? I am speaking, remember, of the ordinary, undistinguished person. His grandchildren will remember him, but to his great grandchildren he will be utterly unknown, and if one is forgotten by his own descendants, how vain to think that he will be remembered by others. How many of us know the names of our great grandparents, or have ever seen their last resting places? What does the slab in memory of somebody else's forgotten great grandfather signify to us? The ssmple fact of the matter is that the attempt to perpetuate one's memory to future generations by means of a monument over his remains is most utterly futile. Erecting monuments to attract the attention of posterity is so much vain whistling to the wind.

However sad it is to think that one day we shall be utterly forgotten, it would be demanding too much of posterity to expect anything else. The stagnation of China is a warning against the undue demands of ancestors to be remembered by posterity. The duty which one owes to an ancestor of a century ago is infinitesimal as compared with his present duty to the life of the race and to humanity. We belong to the race far more immediately and completely than we do to our individual ancestors. In the future life of the race, the only thing about us that can live. or that ought to live, is the consequences of our actions. The imprint of our lives upon the life of the race will always abide. though even our names shall be utterly forgotten. Our place in the life of the race will be that of the small fragments of stone that go to fill the interior crevices of a wall, out of sight and out of mind. Comfort enough there should be in the reflection that a thoughtful posterity will recognize in a general way their connection with the past and their indebtedness to those who lived before them.

The attempt to perpetuate the memory of one departed will be justifiable and will be effective if it take the form of some active service rendered to the community in his name. A memorial church, or school, or professorship, or library, or drinking fountain, or even a humble wayside seat overlooking some beautiful scene, will keep one's memory green and fragrant far beyond what can be done to that end through a monument in a cemetery costing hundreds of dollars. Except for the institutions which perpetuate their names, Stephen Girard and Johns Hopkins would have been utterly forgotten in two generations after their deaths. Who knows or honors the name of the young man over whose body in Forest Lawn Cemetery, Buffalo, stands a monumental pile costing thirty thousand dollars?

The assertion has been hazarded that more money has been expended upon monuments in our cemeteries than upon the entire educational system of our country. It is possibly the fact. What a futile waste of hard-earned money. What an impoverishment this means of the life of the community. Why could not this money have been given for the support of Christian missions, or to our schools that the teachers might be paid the salaries they ought to receive, or to the equipment of hospital wards? Why should poor families who have barely enough for the necessaries of life, under the tyranny of a misguided sentiment, deny themselves those necessaries, or involve themselves in debt, in order to erect monuments of stone to their dead? Such monuments are futile as memorials. A simple slab or marker would serve as well to indicate for a century or so the exact resting place of the departed. After that it will be a matter of entire indifference whether the spot can be identified or not.

We have been speaking of the ordinary, undistinguished individual.

J. M. ROBERTSON.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

Zinc and Grinding Make
Devoe Lead and Zinc Paint wear twice as long as lead and oil mixed by hand.
tf

Shippen School Board.

Regular meeting of Shippen School Board held at Court House August 3, with all members present. Minutes of previous meeting read and approved.

Moved by Dixon, seconded by Peters to accept bid of Gilman Leavett for 10 cords 16 inch hard wood at $1.45 per cord; 2 cords dry pine at $1.45 per cord, at Truman school. Also 7 cords hard wood and 2 cords of pine at Beechwood, at $1.45 per cord. Carried.

Moved by Dixon, seconded by Peters, to employ Johnson & McNarney as council for the ensuing year. Carried.

Moved by Ostrum, seconded by Peters, that teachers meet at 3 o'clock for the adoption of books for the coming year. Carried.

Moved by Spence, seconded by Warner, that Board meet at Russell's, on Four Mile Run, Saturday, Aug. 10 at 10 o'clock a. m. Carried.

On motion the following bills were ordered paid:

Owen Deninney, 10 cords wood, West Creek	$ 20 00
S. S. Haoket, publishing auditors report.	30 00
C. R. Kline, 5 days audi ing	10 00
W. L. Brown, draying	2 60
D. Hayes, draying	50
E. H. Marshal, lumber in 1896	8 91
Cameron County Press, publishing and advertising	34 60
N. A. Ostrum, postage and stationery	2 50

Moved by Dixon, seconded by Ostrum, to accept bid of Isaac Ostrum to draw all children west of N. D. Brinks; to have said children at school by 9 a. m., prompt, and to be at school at 4 p. m., sharp, for $1.50 per day, with good covered rig to carry them in. Carried.

Moved by Dixon, seconded by Peters to accept bid of Chas. King to clean and disenfect out-houses for the sum of $1.00 for each out-house. To be cleaned according to law. Carried.

The following committee was appointed to buy books: Dixon, Peters and Ostrum.

Moved by Spence, seconded by Dixon, to pay Janitor Barker $5.00 for the year. Carried.

On motion the meeting adjourned until next regular meeting, Sept. 7, at 1. p. m.

G. T. DIXON, Sec'y.

Special meeting of Shippen School Board at Court House, called by F. Moon, President, for the purpose of determining what to do with the upper Four Mile school, and to transact other business. All members present.

Moved by Ostrum, seconded by Warner, to accept bid of F. Zimmer for 6 cords 20 inch hard wood at $1.85 per cord; 2 cords dry hemlock at $1.25 per cord, at Shippen school. Carried.

Moved by Dixon, seconded by Ostrum, to open school at upper Four Mile provided enough scholars come to warrant it, if not to close the school. Carried.

Resignations of Miss Vida Housler and Miss Susan L. Chadwick accepted.

O. S. Peters and L. W. Spence were appointed a committee to look after Bryan Hill school.

Moved by Spence, seconded by Peters, to employ Miss Drucy Evers for Shippen school. Carried.

Moved by Ostrum, seconded by Peters, that the following bills be paid: C. B. Howard & Co., for dynamite, caps and fuse, $6.15. G. T. Dixon, for postage and stationary, $2. Carried.

On motion, meeting adjourned.

G. T. DIXON, Sec'y.

LAST OF THE SEASON.

REDUCED RATES TO THE SEASHORE.

Low-Rate Excursions to Atlantic City, Cape May, etc., via Pennsylvania Railroad.

The last Pennsylvania Railroad low-rate fifteen day excursion of the season from Erie, Rouseville, Tionesta, Rochester (via Olean), Bradford, Clermont, DuBois, and principal intermediate stations to Renovo, inclusive, to Atlantic City, Cape May, Ocean City, Sea Isle City, Avalon, Anglesea, Wildwood, or Holly Beach, will be run on Thursday, September 5, 1901.

Excursion tickets, good to retuen by regular trains within fifteen days, will be sold at very low rates. Tickets to Atlantic City will be sold via the Delaware River Bridge Route, *the only all-rail line*, or via Market Street Wharf, Philadelphia.

Stop over can be had at Philadelphia, either going or returning.

For information in regard to specific rates and time of trains consult hand bills, apply to ticket agents, E. S. Harrar, Division Ticket Agent, Williamssort, Pa., or J. A. Fellows, Division Ticket Agent, Buffalo, N, Y.

2099-27-2t

Pennsylvania Railroad Reduced Rates to San Francisco.

On account of the Triennial Convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church, to be held at San Francisco beginning October 2, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell round-trip tickets to San Francisco from all points on its line at greatly reduced rates.

Tickets will be sold September 18 to 25, inclusive, and will be good to return to leave San Francisco not earlier than October 3, and only on date of execution by Joint Agent, to whom a fee of fifty cents must be paid, and passengers must reach original starting point by November 15, 1901.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company will also run a Personally-Conducted Tour to the Pacific Coast on this occasion by special train, starting September 23 and returning October 22. Round-trip rate, $185.

For further information apply to ticket agents, or address Geo. W. Boyd, Assistant General Passenger Agent, Philadelphia. 2112 28-1t

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD REDUCED RATES TO INDIANAPOLIS.

Account Sovereign Grand Lodge, I. O. O. F.

For the meeting of the Sovereign Grand Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, at Indianapolis, September 16 to 21, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell round-trip tickets to Indianapolis from all points on its lines at rate of a single fare for the round trip. Tickets will be sold September 12 to 15, inclusive. and will be good to return, leaving Indianapolis not earlier than September 15 nor later than September 23. By depositing ticket with JointAgent Sept. 15 to 23 and upon payment of fifty cents an extension of the return limit may be secured, to leave Indianapolis to October 7, inclusive.

Foley's Honey and Tar cures colds, prevents pneumonia.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

In the Court of Common Pleas of Cameron County, Penna., No. 28 April Term, 1901.

Sophia Johnson, M. M. Larrabee, and Laura G. Freeman, Trustees under the will of Parmelia A. Freeman; Sophia Johnson devisee under the will of Huldah C. Freeman, Seneca Freeman Russell, Emma Benn; and Sophia Johnson Trustee of Ethel Freeman, Olive Freeman and Clement Philips.

vs

Laura G. Freeman, Trustee of Bertha J. Davis, Clytus Freeman and Otis Freeman.

PARTITION.

Notice is hereby given that under and pursuant to an order entered on the fifth day of July, 1901, in the above entitled cause by the said Court of Cameron County, the undersigned will, on Friday, the 20th day of September, 1901, at 1 o'clock, p. m., at the office of Green & Shaffer, in the First National Bank Building, in the Borough of Emporium, sell at public auction to the highest and best bidder, as directed in said order the following described real estate:

PURPART NO. 1.

All that certain piece, parcel or tract of land situate, lying and being in the township of Shippen, Cameron County, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows; viz: Beginning at a post in the north line of tract of land purchased by Seneca Freeman from Keating & Company, deed recorded in book "G," page 72 in the Recorder's Office in and for McKean county, said post standing near the foot of the hill on the west side of Portage Creek; thence east 40 perches to a hemlock corner; thence north 52 perches to a post corner; thence east 71 perches to a stone corner, the southeast corner of lands owned by Allen Russell; thence south 115 perches to a stone corner on the line of warrant No. 1359; thence south 69° west along the warrant line 192 perches to a post on the west bank of the Portage; thence north 25° east 18 perches; thence north 32½° east 17 perches; thence north 31½° east 18 perches; thence north 22° east 9 5-10 perches; thence north 19° east 5 perches; thence north 26° east 11 4-10 perches; thence north 33° east 8 5-10 perches; thence north 28° east 9 perches; thence north 20° east 10 perches; thence north 26° east 26 4-10 perches; thence north 15° east 11 perches; thence north 7° east 11 perches to place of beginning. The last 12 courses and distances being on and near the west bank of the Portage Creek and the said tract containing one hundred acres more or less. Excepting and reserving therefrom a certain piece of land sold to Wilbur Russell and described as follows, viz: Commencing at an Elm tree on the east bank of the Portage Creek 56 feet from the upper corner of bridge over the Portage called Minard's bridge and six feet from the water line; thence south 52° east 21 perches to place of beginning. Containing one acre, more or less. Also excepting and reserving that certain piece of land sold by N. P. Minard to Clark Herrington described as follows, viz: Beginning at a hemlock stump, situate on the line of the public highway leading from Emporium to the salt works, near the upper end of N. P. Minard's mill pond, thence north 45° east 550 feet to a post; thence north 34° east 320 feet to a post corner on the line between Sol Ross and N. P. Minard; thence west along said line 130 feet to a post on the bank of the Portage Creek; thence southerly by the several courses of said Creek to a post; thence south 31° and 30' east 210 feet to the place of beginning. Containing about two acres more or less and being the tract of land occupied by Clark Herrington.

Also another piece or tract of land situate lying and being in Shippen township, Cameron County and State of Pennsylvania being part of lot No. 41 of said Keating estate, and bounded on the west by lands owned by Allen Russell. Containing 34 6-10 acres.

Also all that certain piece or parcel of land lying in the south end of warrant No. 1359 in the township of Shippen, County of Cameron and State of Pennsylvania, bounded as follows: On the west by lands of P. A. & H. C. Freeman, on the south by south line of warrant No. 1359, on the east by lands of J. S. Wiley and on the north by lands of J. S. Wiley. Containing 64 acres.

The above described pieces are contigious and constitute what is known as the Minard or Freeman farm, on the Portage Creek; situated within one mile from the business centre of Emporium. About 100 acres cleared and under cultivation. Having erected thereon 2 large 2 story dwelling houses and 1 small one story dwelling, 2 barns, wagon sheds and usual outbuildings, all in good repair. Two good apple orchards and a quantity of small fruits. Good well of water. Cleared land is fenced, other land has considerble quantity of fence and stove wood timber. Subject to a lease to April 1st, 1902.

Terms:—15 per cent. of purchase price at time bid is accepted, and balance on confirmation of sale and delivery of deed.

PURPART No. 2.

All that certain piece or parcel of land situate, in the Borough of Emporium, in the County of Cameron and Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a point in the center of Allegany avenue in the old line between the Felt Farm and the Freeman, Portage farm, so called; thence north 10° east along said line 1 58-100 perches to the north line of Allegany avenue; thence north 23° east along the line of land conveyed by Seneca Freeman to A. H. Boynton by deed dated April 6th, 1867, recorded in Cameron county Deed Book "B," page 355, thirteen perches to the south west corner of burying ground; thence south 85° and 45' east along the south line of burying ground 10 18-100 perches to the south-east corner of burying ground; thence south 21° and 45' west along the line of land conveyed by said Seneca Freeman to S. S. Hacket by deed dated March 1st, 1867, recorded in Cameron County Deed Book "B," page 340, twenty and three-tenths (20 3-10) perches to the center of Allegany avenue; thence north 51° and 45' west along the center of said avenue 10 3-10 perches to the place of beginning. Containing about 1 1-8 acre, be the same more or less, and bounded as follows, to-wit: on the north by burying ground, on the east by lands conveyed by said Seneca Freeman to S. S. Hackett by the deed above referred to, on the south by Allegany avenue or lands conveyed to S. S. Hacket by deed aforesaid, and on the west by lands conveyed to A. H. Boynton by the deed before referred to.

Having erected thereon one 2 story dwelling house, and usual out buildings, in good repair, well fenced and new side walk. Connected for natural gas, also has good well. Connected with sewer.

Terms, 15 per cent. when bid is accepted and balance of purchase money upon confirmation of sale and delivery of deed.

B. W. GREEN, Trustee.

Aug. 19, 1901.—4t

Central State Normal School

Lock Haven, Pa.,

J. R. FLICKINGER, Principal.

FALL TERM, opens September 9, 1901.

A training school of the first rank for teachers. FREE TUITION for prospective teachers. High grade faculty. Splendid equipment. College preparatory fits for the best colleges. Excellent courses in

MUSIC, ELOCUTION
and BUSINESS.

Expenses lower than in any other institution of equal rank. Remember tuition is absolutely free to prospective teachers who are seventeen years of age.

Address for illustrated catalogue.

22-2m THE PRINCIPAL.

Keeley Cure
Cures Drunkenness. Cures Drug Users.
THE KEELEY INSTITUTE, 4246 Fifth Ave., PITTSBURG, PA.
Write for free Booklet.

PILES A cure guaranteed if you use RUDY'S PILE Suppository
D. Matt. Thompson, Supt. Graded Schools, Statesville, N. C., writes: "I can say they do all you claim for them." Dr. S. M. Devore, Raven Rock, W. Va., writes: "They give universal satisfaction." Dr. H. D. McGill, Clarksburg, Tenn., writes: "In a practice of 23 years, I have found no remedy to equal yours." PRICE, 50 CENTS. Samples Free. Sold by Druggists. MARTIN RUDY, LANCASTER, PA.

Sold in Emporium by L. Taggart. Call for free sample.

DR. FENNER'S
Purifies the Blood — Blood & Liver REMEDY AND NERVE TONIC. — Builds up the Nerves
R. C. Dodson, Agent,
36-28ly. Emporium, Pa

Foley's Kidney Cure makes kidneys and bladder right.

Photographed from Life. REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY
1st day. 15th day. 30th day.
THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY
Made a Well Man of Me.
produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advise free. Address ROYAL MEDICINE CO., 10-20 Plymouth Pl., CHICAGO, ILL.

For Sale in Emporium, by R. C. Dodson.

CASTORIA
for Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher, and has been made under his personal supervision for over 30 years. Allow no one to deceive you in this. Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments, and endanger the health of Children—Experience against Experiment.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over 30 Years.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

C. G. SCHMIDT'S,
HEADQUARTERS FOR
Popular Bakery,
FRESH BREAD, PIES, FANCY CAKES, ICE CREAM, NUTS
CONFECTIONERY
Daily Delivery.
All orders given prompt and skillful attention.

The Popular Store

We are headquarters for Men's Furnishing Goods. There is a reason why we sell so many of these goods. The reason is that our line is more complete than at any other store in this section. Then again, we handle nothing but the very best, and nothing but union made goods.

We are well pleased with the business of the past two weeks, but things must move faster as our fall goods are arriving daily. We are offering some extraordinary bargains in our

Clothing Department.

Remember our Clothing is all union made. Strictly the best on the market for the money.

Men's, Youth's and
Children's Clothing,
Hats, Caps and Shoes,
Overalls, etc., etc.

Every Man

Has or ought to have an eye to his attire. Fine clothing is the uniform of success and prosperity.

Our store is an educator to wear the right and correct styles of the swellest novelties for suits and trousers. We have some fine clothes for

Business Suits,
Traveling Suits,
Dress Suits.

JASPER HARRIS,

Remember the place—Directly
Opposite Post Office, Emporium, Pa.

EMPORIUM
MILLING COMPANY.

PRICE LIST.

Emporium, Pa., Aug. 27, 1901.

NEMO PATENT, per sack	$1 10
Graham, "	55
Rye "	—
Buckwheat, "	—
Patent Meal, "	50
Coarse Meal, per 100,	1 35
Chop Feed, "	1 35
White Middlings, "	1 30
Bran, "	1 20
Corn, per bushel,	75
White Oats, per bushel,	50
Choice Clover Seed, Choice Timothy Seed, Choice Millet Seed, Fancy Kentucky Blue Grass,	At Market Prices.

R. C. DODSON,
—THE—
Druggist,
EMPORIUM, PA.

IS LOCATED IN THE CORNER STORE.
At Fourth and Chestnut Sts..

Only the purest drugs are good for sick people. They can't afford to experiment. You may safely trust your prescriptions with us. We make a specialty of this work and are proud of the success we have achieved.

Doctors appreciate the care and accuracy with which their prescriptions are compounded and that accounts for our large trade.

R. C. DODSON.
Telephone, 19-2.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

PERSONAL GOSSIP.

Contributions invited. That which you would like to see in this department, let us know by postalcard or letter, personally.

Mrs. Hyde has returned from visiting in Buffalo.

A. F. Vogt and sons returned from the Pan-Am on Monday.

Mrs. G. S. Allen returned from the east, on Erie Mail yesterday.

Mrs. Ed. Morse and children visited Sterling Run friends last week.

Miss Aura Steck, of Sonestown, Pa., is visiting her sister, Miss Maud Steck, at this place.

Dr. and Mrs. Smith left on Tuesday to visit relatives in Canada, to be absent one week.

John A. Johnston visited his old home at Reynoldsville on Tuesday and Wednesday.

John Montgomery and family have returned from Elk county and occupy their home on West Allegany avenue.

Mrs. Jay Schriever and daughter Irene, of Scranton, are the guests of Miss Marie Schriever and sisters.—Kane Republican.

Our genial friend C. L. Butler has recovered from his serious illness in time to celebrate the arrival of that beautiful little girl at his home. Mother and daughter doing nicely.

A new school marm arrived at Prof. Bastian's home Wednesday morning. The Professor is all smiles and assures us the liittle Miss will be well taken care of.

"Bill" Huey's many friends will be pained to learn that he is suffering from a swollen head. The same being caused by "neuralgia" or something else.

Mrs. Thos. Gallagher and niece Miss Mazie Gallagher, returned yesterday from a two weeks visit with relatives and friends in Cortland county, N. Y. They had a delightful visit.

John A. Johnston, wife and son, who have been located at Buffalo during the past two or three months, for the benefit of Mrs. Johnston's health, returned to Emporium Monday evening. We are pleased to learn that Mrs. Johnston is very much improved in health.

Mr. J. B. Revilla and wife, and Mr. Frank Gallagher, of Philadelphia, are expected in Emporium to-morrow, to visit Thos. Gallagher and family. Mr. Revilla is one of the managers of the Bellevue Hotel at Philadelphia and is very popular with Quaker City clubmen.

Miss Pearsall, of Emporium, was a guest of Miss Kathrine Miller Wednesday....Mrs. Beers, a Baptist lady of Emporium passed through here Tuesday on her way to Gold where the Baptist Association convenes. While here she visited Mrs. Dumboiten.... Mrs. Gordon Baker and little daughter of Emporium, were guests of her sister Mrs. Fred Miller this week. Yesterday Mrs. Baker went to Buffolo, accompanied by Misses Katherine and Nellie Miller.—Port Allegany Reporter.

Mrs. V. S. Burnell is enjoyiog a visit from her mother.

Mrs. Alex. McInnes, Sr., of Corry, is guest of Mrs. Thos. Trotter.

Geo. Huffman and wife returned on Tuesday from visiting Pan-Am.

Don M. Larrabee passed Saturday in Harrisburg on a business mission.

Mrs. J. F. Parsons and Mrs. Elwell visited "Cold Spring" farm yesterday.

Mrs. Thos. McGrain has returned from the Pan-Am. after a five days' outing.

Miss Mame Bolger, of Norristown, is guest of Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Dolan, at this place.

Fred Tompkins and wife have returned from visiting Buffalo and Friendship.

Mrs. Bryan and daughter Miss Nina returned last week from extended visit to Erie, Pa.

W. H. Cramer and daughter, Miss Lena, were taking in the sights at Buffalo this week.

Chas. Fry has returned to Emporium and has assumed charge of the livery and sale stable.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Nye haye returned from eastern points, where they passed their honeymoon.

Miss Mattie M. Collins, county Supt. of schools, is calling on the several schools of the county.

Miss Prude Flemming, who has been visiting at Lebanon, for some time, has returned to Emporium.

John Hogan is looking over Pan-Am. this week and no doubt will select a favorable spot for a cane rack.

We are pleased to see our friend Joseph J. Lingle is able to be out again, after several days illness.

Mr. Frank Martin, of Williamsport, was guest of Mr. and Mrs. Thos. McGrain and family over Sunday.

Mrs. Roupe and two children, of Milton, spent Sunday in Emporium, guests of Mrs. Mayze and family.

Mark Goss and wife, of West Fifth street are delighted over the arrival of their first boy. It is a happy event.

Miss Cora Bloom, of Williamsport, who has been visiting her sister Mrs. Elwood Ness, at this place, has returned home.

Mrs. W. H. Freeman and children, of Bound Brook, N. J., are guests of the former's mother, Mrs. R. Russell, Third street.

Rev. O. S. Metzler, the popular pastor of M. E. Church, started for Buffalo and Thousand Islands on Monday. He will be absent two weeks.

Mrs. John J. Hinkle visited at Portland Mills since last Saturday, with her husband. Mr. and Mrs. Hinkle will return to Emporium to-day.

Miss Mauer, of Philadelphia, who has been visiting in Emporium for several weeks, guest of Miss Maud Thomas, returned to her home on Monday.

Miss Helen Van Volkenberg returned to Emporium last Saturday and assumed her position in the borough schools. She is guest at the home of F. A. Hill.

Miss Jennie Loucks, one of the Climax Powder Company's efficient clerks, returned on Monday from her two weeks' vacation, having visited Buffalo and Erie.

Edward Seger, who resides in New York, where he has become a popular pianist, is expected home this week to visit his parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. Seger.

Frank B. Hoag, the efficient P. & E. telegraph operator at Sterling Run, was a welcome PRESS caller on Tuesday and pushed the date on his paper one year ahead.

David Kirk, Esq., of Pittsburg, President of Climax Powder Company of this place, was in town Tuesday and Wednesday looking after his business interests here.

Mrs. Mary Hughes, of Hughesville, Pa., and Mrs. Tillman Hayes and children, of Lincoln, Neb., are guests of their cousins W. H. and Josiah Howard, at this place.

Jacob Huffman and wife visited Buffalo and Pan-Am. from Saturday until Tuesday, returning home delighted. "Jake" says there are some things there he must see again.

Mrs. John Robinson and daughter, of Williamsport, are guests of Wm. Robinson and wife, on West Fifth street, and will remain during the month of September.

Mrs. Dr. Good, of Philadelphia. who was guest of Mrs. John J. Hinkle the past week has returned home. We deeply regret our absence from home prevented our meeting the excellent lady.

Rev. J. M. Robertson left yesterday for Franklin, Pa., to visit his brother, John R., who contemplates locating in the state of Washington. Our good friend also intends visiting his wife and children, in the very near future, who are spending the summer months in Sullivan county, N. Y.

Prof. W. H. Budine the well known eye specialist, will be at the Warner House, Emporium, Pa., Sept. 11, where he will test and examine the eyes free. All work guaranteed. Remember Prof. Budine also guarantees to cure all cases of headache, caused by weak eyes or any astigmatism. Difficult cases a specialty. New lenses ground to fit old frames 1t

Death of Joseph L. Emery.

Mr. Joseph L. Emery, the well known lumber jobber and a former resident of this city, died Wednesday afternoon at his home in Westport, aged 53 years. He had been ill since last February, when he contracted la grippe, which culminated in Bright's disease. He is survived by his wife and seven children, four sons, R. F. S. W., and Samuel J., of Westport, and J. H. of Hughesville; and three daughters, Pearl S., Ruby H., and Luella, of Westport.

The deceased had been engaged in the lumber business along Kettle creek and Cook's run for many years. He was born in Fairfield, Maine, on March 2, 1848, his parents moving to Pennsylvania three years later. He attended school in this city, and having received some training in the lumber business with his father, in 1872 he started out for himself, beginning operations at Benezette, Elk county. He returned to Clinton county six years later. Cook's run was the scene of his labors for two years and in 1880 he located at Westport. His marriage with Miss Jennie C. Freeman of Cameron county occurred March 15, 1872

The funeral was held on Friday at the family home at Westport. Services were conducted by Rev. Ebnet of the M. E. church, assisted by Rev. J. D. Cook, of the Presbyterian church. The remains were brought to this city for interment.

The remains arrived here on Day Express and were taken direct to Highland cemetery where interment was made. The pall bearers were A. P. Stewart, W. C. Werts, W. C. Armstrong, G. W. Corter, John Derr, and M. P. Clendening.—Clinton Republican, Aug. 28th. Deceased was well and favorably known in this county, having for many years been interested in lumbering here. The bereaved wife and children have the sympathy of our citizens.

"I had a running sore on my leg for seven years," writes Mrs. Jas. Forest of Chippewa Falls, Wis., "and spent hundreds of dollars in trying to get it healed. Two boxes of Banner Salve entirely cured it." Beware of substitutes. L. Taggart,

Ulcers, open or obstinate sores, scalds and piles, quickly cured by Banner Salve, the most healing medicine in the world. L. Taggart.

Stops the Cough
And Works off the Cold.
Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, no Pay. Price 25 cents. 26yl

LOCAL NOTICES.

NICE furnished rooms to rent near the school house. Apply at this office. 36-3t.

A fine lot pigs for sale apply to J. P Bingeman.

All kinds and grades of carpets at LaBar's.

New stock of Window Shades in all grades and prices at H. S. Lloyd's.

Subscribe for the PRESS; only $1.50 a year in advance.

See those Wilton velvet and Axminster carpets in LaBar's window.

Gloss enamel paints and varnish stains to match your wall paper, at H. S. Lloyd's.

N. Seger is still doing business at the old stand, and if you want a stylish suit that will give you good service, call and see him.

Large stock of Wall Paper at 3c per roll and border at 1½c per yard at H. S. Lloyd's.

Canned Pine Apple in chunks, packed in Sing apore, at Balcom & Lloyd's.

Rich and poor can be suited with carpets at LaBar's.

Just received at Balcom & Lloyd's "Salada" Ceylon Tea. Wholesome and delicious.

CARPETS—CARPETS.—Ninety different patterns to choose from. All new and up-to-date. Call in and see them whether you want to buy or not; no trouble to show goods.
GEO. J. LABAR

The old reliable clothier, N. Seger is giving some wonderful bargains at his store this week. Don't fail to call when in need of goods in his line.

We buy our wall paper direct from the factory and thereby save the jobber's profit. We give this profit to you when you buy your wall paper of us.
H. S. LLOYD.

SHAW'S PURE MALT—The sick and delicate need a gentle tonic-stimulant. It is often a matter of life and death with them.
The ideal nutriment and restorative is SHAW'S PURE MALT.
Sold by F. X. Blumle, Emporium, Pa. n2-yl

POPULAR HOTEL PROPERTY FOR SALE—The well known Sizerville Hotel, located at Sizer Mineral Springs, six miles from Emporium, on line of Pennsylvania R. R. is offered for sale at a bargain, including the furniture. Possession will be given immediately. The Hotel may be rented by proper person. This property includes the mineral spring and water privilege, which can be made one of the most attractive resorts in the country. Apply to H. W. Martindale, Sizerville, Pa., or my attorneys, Green & Shaffer, Emporium, Pa. 23-6t

E W Grove

This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day

If you want a Boarder,
If you want to Lend Money,
If you want to Sell Anything,
Advertise in the PRESS.

Borough Fathers in Session.

Regular meeting Borough Council, Emporium, Sept. 2nd, 1901. Present: All members of Council.

Minutes of last regular and adjourned meeting read and approved.

Moved by Mr. Howard, seconded by Mr. Marshall, that resolution of Aug. 5th, last relating to Metzger's sidewalk be passed notwithstanding veto of the Burgess. The ayes and nays were called and the following vote resulted:

Aye: Messrs. Nelson, Hacket, Shafer, Catlin, Murphy, Marshall, Schweikert, Howard, Balcom. Total 9. Nays:—0.

The resolution was declared carried over the veto.

Moved by Mr. Howard, seconded by Mr. Hacket, that resolution of Aug. 12th, last, relating to appropriation for use of Street Committee be passed notwithstanding the veto of the Burgess. The ayes and nays were called and following vote resulted: Aye:—Messrs. Nelson, Hacket, Shafer, Catlin, Murphy, Marshall, Schweikert, Howard. Balcom. Total 9. Nays:—0.

The resolution was declared carried over the veto.

On motion by Mr. Hacket, seconded by Mr. Shafer, the following bills were ordered paid:

R. P. Bingman, work on Streets, team				$ 15 13
John Welsh,	do	do	do	3 00
K. Kinney,	do	do	do	1 50
B. Heilman,	do	do	do	3 00
W. F. Lloyd,	do	do	do	1 50
Thos. Cavanaugh	do	do	do	1 50
John Welsh,	do	do	do	3 00
Dan Downey,	do	do	do	10 60
S. J. Hacket, invoice				3 30
M. Murphy, boarding policeman				16 00
T. N. Hacket, invoice lumber,				20 34
John Blinzler, draying,				7 50
L. C. Fausey, police service,				13 75
C. Larison,	do	do		7 50
Jacob Troup,	do	do		7 50
Ben Lord,	do	do		11 87
K. Dalphy,	do	do		16 25
Andrew Ulrick	do	do		7 50
Chas. Maloy,	do	do		6 25
P. R. Reatie,	do	do		7 50
G. S. Allen, Borough Auditor,				9 50
A. C. Blum,	do	do		9 50
A. F. Andrews,	do	do		7 50
W. F. Lloyd, paid policemen,				47 00

Moved by Mr. Hacket, seconded by Mr. Murphy, that a vote of thanks be extended to Mr. Josiah Howard, for a donation of $50, to apply on payment of police bills for convention week.—Carried,

Moved by Mr. Hacket, seconded by Mr. Shafer, that proper officers be authorized to pay $100, on bank note and renew same for balance for 60 days. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Howard, seconded by Mr. Hacket, that bill of George Metzger, Jr., for $1,032.50 to apply on contract and bill of T. N. Hacket for $25.30 for lumber for power house be approved and ordered paid out of Electric Light fund. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Shafer, seconded by Mr. Catlin, that all matters relating to sidewalks be refered to street Committee. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Howard, seconded by Mr. Hacket, that street committee be authorized to build about thirty feet of stone crossing on Fourth street at Maple street. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Howard, seconded by Mr. Shafer, that Street Committee be authorized to build about 30 feet of stone crossing on Fourth street at Vine street. Lost.

Moved by Mr. Howard, seconded by Mr. Catlin, that proper officers be authorized to execute a certain contract with St. Marys Gas Co. dated Aug. 8th, 1901. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Howard, seconded by Mr. Shafer, that applications on file be referred to Electric Light Committee for examination and report at next meeting. Carried.

On motion the Council then adjourned to meet Monday evening, Sept. 9th, 1901.

C. JAY GOODNOUGH, Sec'y.

VETO MESSAGE FROM THE BURGESS.

Minutes of Aug. 5th, 1901, approved Sept. 2nd, 1901, except the resolution requiring George Metzger to rebuild walk within 20 days, etc. In regard to this Mr. Metzger informs me that it is his intention to rebuild his walk with stone in case his recent repairs are not acceptable and if such is the case it appears to me that it would be a good plan to reconsider this matter and especially so in view of the fact that stone is so much more desirable than wood which is the only material the Borough can compel anyone to lay down under present ordinances. I also wish to inform you that Mr. Leet states that he desires to lay a stone walk in front of his property if he is allowed time in which to do so.

E. O. BARDWELL, Burgess.

Minutes of Aug. 12th, 1001, approved Aug. 15th, 1901, except the resolution authorizing street committee to expend $25, each month, which is vetoed for the reason that the resolution does not state what the money is to be used for nor does it show the necessity for such expenditures.

E. O. BARDWELL, Burgess.

Huston Hill.

Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Barr are visitors at the Pan-Am. this week.

Mr. Clarence Connor made a business trip to Emporium one day last week.

It still rains and our farmers are complaining of their potatoes rottening.

Mrs. A. S. Hicks spent the last of the week visiting her children at this place.

Dewey Dill, the three year old son of R. L. Dill, is quite sick at the present time.

Warren L. Dill, who is employed at Medix Run, spent Sunday with his parents.

Miss Eva Barr, who is engaged as teacher of the Huntley school, left Sunday for that place.

Rev. W. H. Ebersole, of Canada, preached and elegant sermon last Sunday evening at this place.

Diphtheria is raging in the vicinity of Dents Run. About thirty cases, of which four have proved fatal.

Reduced Fares to Cleveland, Ohio via Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburg Railway Account G. A. R. Encampment.

The Buffalo, Rochester and Pittsburg Railway Co. will sell excursion tickets to Cleveland, Ohio on account of the G. A. R. Encampment at greatly reduced fares. Tickets will be on sale September 8 to 12 inclusive good to return until September 15 inclusive.

Tickets deposited with Joint Agent before September 15, together with fee of 50 cents will be extended for return passage to not later than October 8.

We can convince you of a saving on wall paper of from 25 to 50 per cent. Examine our stock and get our prices.
H. S. LLOYD.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE—All gentlemen who have obtained clothes from me under very good promises, within the past four years, and failed to live up to those good promises, will please be kind enough to come and settle said claims within sixty days from this date or suffer the consequences. Each one of those good promisors will get a separate notice of their account.
Very respectfully.
JOHN EDELMAN.
P. S.—Thanking all good customers for past favors and hoping to continue with them in the future.
J. E.
East Emporium, Pa., Aug. 21, 1901.

Established Business For Sale.

On account of the death of one of the firm the well-known hardware business of Walker, Howard & Company, at Emporium, Pa., is offered for sale, including stock and building or to suit purchaser. Apply to
WALKER, HOWARD & CO.,
8tf. Emporium, Pa.

For Sale.

The Emporium Opera House is for sale at a reasonable price for spot cash, or negotiable paper. The only play house in the county, with a seating capacity of 1,000, size of room 50x100; stage, 50x22, stage opening, 24x22. fully equipped. Natural gas light and Fuel. Will be sold at once to close an estate. Apply to
J. W. CLARKE,
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ACCOMMODATIONS in private family. Reasonable rates. Convenient to cars, and 30 minutes walk to the Pan-American grounds. Secure rooms in advance.
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FOR SALE—A livery stock for sale in a good livery town, consisting of nine head of fine horses and a complete outfit for the same. Address, Box No. 242, Port Allegany, Pa. 20-6ow

FOR SALE—A good residence, in pleasant part of town; water and gas; good barn. Located on West Fifth street, Emporium. For further information apply to PRESS office. 23tf

EmporiumFurniture Co.

Furniture Dealers.
Funeral Directors.
Residence up Stairs. Open all Night.
BERNARD EGAN, Manager.

OLD RELIABLE DRUG STORE.

PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES AND KALSOMINE.

Plenty of houses in town painted ten to twelve years, with my paint, which I would be glad to show any man. Ask some other dealer in town to show you a house painted ten years with his paint, and he will ask to be excused.

WALL PAPER!
PRICE REDUCED!
VARIETY UNEXCELLED.

The wall paper hangers in town are boycotting me—don't know whether you can get one of them to hang my paper or not, but buy my paper and I will see that your rooms are properly adorned. Another year you will get your decorating done for less money than you ever heard of, and it may be done this season yet.

A Word of Warning.

L. TAGGART.

Foley's Honey and Tar for children, safe, sure. No opiates.

Attention!

Money can be saved by going to see J. E. Smith during the month of August, and investing in some of the bargains he is offering. We are going to give money away, by selling all our Summer Goods from one-fourth to one-half below marked prices. This sale will include all our Figured Lawns, Dimities, Percales, Organdies, Piques, Dotted Swiss, dark and light colored prints, Ladies' Shirtwaists, Skirts and Neckwear, Ladies' and Gents' Summer Underwear, also Men's, Ladies', Misses and Children's Straw Hats. This sale will include some bargains in Men's, Boys', Ladie's and Children's Shoes.

Prices will be cut 25 to 50 per cent on all our bargain goods.

	Former price.	Now
Ladies' Shirt Waists,	$1.75	$1.00
Ladies' Shirt Waists,	1.00	75c
Ladies' Shirt Waists,	.50	38c
Ladies' Shirt Waists, one lot for		25c
Men's Fancy Shirts, 25, 39 and 50c		

Come early and secure some of the best bargains of your life time
Our terms on this Cut Price Sale are Cash.
Yours to please,
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DAY'S

Your attention for a moment to this list of specials

FOR FRIDAY AND SATURDAY SALE.

All first-class goods. Your money back if not satisfactory

ENAMELINE STOVE POLISH.
10c size, 8c.

SQUARE DEAL BIRD FOOD.
Cuttle bone in every package, 6c. Regular 8c package.

U WANTA PARLOR MATCHES.
Regular 15c package, 12c.

ACME SOAP.
Seven cakes 25c. Regular six for 25c.

PURE BAKING SODA.
1lb. package, 6c.

PURE CORN STARCH,
1lb package, 6c.

GOLDEN PUMPKIN.
Large cans per can 7c.

CANNED APPLES.
Hamburgs. Gallon cans 20c

EGGS NOODLES.
Regular 10c package, 8c.

CALIFORNIA HAMS.
Dold quality per lb. 10½c. Worth 12.

PEACHES, PLUMS, GRAPES, PEARS and other fruits are now ready. We have daily shipments from the best market in this section and can supply you with fresh, ripe fruit of first quality.

PURE SPICES AND PICKLING VINEGAR A SPECIALTY.

J. H. DAY.
Phone 6.

H. C. Olmsted's

- - Spring - Announcement. - -

Well, here we are trying to get our share of the trade of Emporium and vicinity.

We are better prepared than ever before to fill all of your wants. Having added to our stock a

Full Line of Groceries,

and have not neglected to add to the Dry Goods and Notion departments fresh and seasonable goods. Our Lace Curtain stock was never so complete as NOW. A full stock of muslins, prints, percales, ginghams and White Goods. An especially nice line of Black Dress Goods.

Dress and Work Shoes for Ladies Gentlemen and Children.

CARPETS AND MATTINGS, Oil Cloths, &c., &c. Come and see how well we will please you.

C. JAY GOODNOUGH,
Assignee.

AN EVENING PRAYER.

Life's opening voyage, Lord, Thou didst
safely keep
O'er childhood's sheltered bays;
As now the tides of age around me creep,
Protect my shortening days.

Thou didst defend my youth when sped my
bark
Out toward the open sea;
As I approach the shore, unknown and
dark,
Still guard and care for me.

Becalmed by idle winds on placid seas,
Thy vigil did not cease;
Now tempests beat, and when I shrink
from these,
Impart uplifting peace.

When Joy, bright-winged, poised lightly on
the prow
Thou gently didst restrain;
Though Sorrow often voyages with me
now,
My troubled soul sustain.

When many ships were nigh and skies were
bright,
I knew Thy presence sweet;
As one by one they vanish in the night,
Draw near me, I entreat.

Lord, Thou hast been companion, friend
and guide
O'er life's unresting sea;
When Death, the gentle Pilot, stands be-
side,
Oh, make the port with me!
—Francis E. Pope, in Boston Evening Transcript.

BORN TO SERVE

By Charles M. Sheldon,

Author of "IN HIS STEPS," "JOHN KING'S QUESTION CLASS," "EDWARD BLAKE," Etc.

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CHAPTER III.

SERVICE IS ROYAL.

The Ward pew in the Marble Square church was about half way down the aisle and in the body of the house. As Barbara walked down the aisle she was conscious of a feeling of excitement hardly warranted by the event. As she passed into the pew first, leading Carl after her, as the arrangement of seating had been planned by Mrs. Ward, she noticed Mrs. Ward's face. It was very grave, and there was again present in it that uncertain element which had set Barbara to guessing once or twice how far her mistress would venture to cooperate with her in the matter of solving the questions belonging to housekeeping.

But Barbara was a young woman with a good reserve of common sense, and she at once dismissed all foolish speculations and resolutely gave her thoughts to the service of the hour. She was naturally and healthily religious and was prepared to enter into the worship with no other thought except her need of communion and devotion and reception of truth.

When the minister came out of his study room into the pulpit Barbara noticed a look of surprise on several faces near her. She heard the lady in the pew next to her say in a whisper to another: "Where is Dr. Law today?"

"He is in Carlton. This must be Morton, their new minister."

"He looks very young. Do you suppose he can preach any?"

Barbara did not hear the answer, but she had not been able to avoid making a comment to herself on the youthful appearance of the minister. But when he began the service by giving out the first hymn the impression of extreme youthfulness disappeared. He had a good voice and a quiet, modest, reverent manner that Barbara liked. His prayer helped her. And when he began to preach there was a simplicity and earnestness about his delivery that was very attractive. He did not try to say too much. The sermon was written, but the reader had evidently
ied to avoid being so closely confined to the pages as to lose a certain necessary sympathy with his hearers which the use of the eye alone can secure.

Barbara was really interested in the entire sermon, and as a whole it helped her. Her happily trained religious nature had taught her to look with horror upon the common habit of criticism and comparison when attending a church service. The main object of going to church was to get help to be a better Christian, she had often said in little debates over such subjects while in college. If the sermon was learned and eloquent and interesting as well as helpful, so much the better. But, if it had every quality except helpfulness, it missed the mark. To be able to say after hearing a sermon: "That has helped me to be a better person this week," is really the same thing as declaring that the sermon was a good sermon. Anything that helps life is great. All sermons that give courage or peace or joy, or inspire to greater love to God and neighbor, are great sermons.

So Barbara was lifted up by the message of the morning; and when the service was closing, during the hush that succeeded the benediction, as the congregation remained seated for a moment, she uttered a prayer of thanksgiving and a prayer of petition for patience and wisdom in the life she had chosen, much blessed and comforted by the service of the morning.

As Barbara came out into the aisle again, Mrs. Ward was standing near the end of the pew opposite. She beckoned to Barbara.

"I want to introduce Miss Clark to you, Mrs. Vane."

An elderly woman with very keen blue eyes, and the sharpest look out of them that Barbara had even seen, spoke to her abruptly but kindly as she came up, Carl still clinging to her.

"Very glad to see you, Miss Clark. You must come in and see us some afternoon or evening. O, I know who you are, just a servant; and we are rich, aristocratic folks and all that. My grandfather was a blacksmith in Connecticut. His ancestors were from Vanes of Arlie in Scotland. Good, honest, working people as far as I can ascertain. I want you to meet Miss Barnes, who is helping us at present."

She introduced the young woman who was standing behind her, and Barbara somewhat shyly shook hands with a heavy-faced girl, who, however, smiled a little. Barbara was astonished at Mrs. Vane, and instantly concluded that she was a character in the Marble Square church and in Crawford, as indeed she was.

"My father and Mr. Vane were in college together," Barbara said, as they moved down the aisle.

"Are you sure?" The sharp eyes seemed to look Barbara through.

"Yes, ma'am. I have heard father speak often of Thomas Vane. Before he mentioned the fact of your living in Crawford."

"Mr. Vane would be glad to see your father again. Ask him to call."

"Father died last winter," Barbara answered in a low voice. The tragedy of that business failure and sudden shock which resulted in her father's death was too recent to be spoken of without deep feeling.

"Dear me! It is strange Thomas never told me. Perhaps he did not hear of it. Is your mother living?"

"Yes." Barbara told her the street.

"She must come and see me after I have called. She is alone, you say?" And again the sharp eyes pierced Barbara.

They had reached the door and Mrs Vane tapped Mrs. Ward on the shoulder.

"Mrs. Ward, you see that Miss Clark comes to see me. I want a long talk with her. Don't be afraid, my dear. I don't want to know any more than you are willing to tell me. But I'm interested in you, and perhaps I can do something to help."

She hurried out, leaving Barbara in some uncertainty as to what kind of help she meant. Would this woman of wealth and social position help her in her plans for solving the servant-girl problem?

The Wards were still standing near the door, and Carl was pulling Barbara's dress and crying to her to hurry home for dinner, when the young minister came up and shook hands heartily with Mrs. Ward. At the close of the service he had come down from the pulpit and had gone through one of the side doors leading into the church vestibule. He had been talking with some of the people out there, but the minute Mr. Ward appeared he came over and greeted him.

"Very glad to see you and hear you, Morton, I'm sure," Mr. Ward was saying as Barbara came into the vestibule. "Been some time since you and Alfred came in to see us together."

"Yes, I've been too busy since I left the seminary with the work in Carlton. How is Alfred?"

"O' he's quite well," Mrs. Ward answered, as Morton looked at her. "We expected him home a month ago, but he had to give up coming at the last

"I WANT TO INTRODUCE MISS CLARK."

minute on account of some society doings. But—" by this time Carl had dragged Barbara out past Mrs. Ward—"allow me to introduce Miss Clark, who is—" Barbara looked at her quietly, and she continued, "who is working for us at present."

Mr. Morton bowed and shook hands with Barbara, saying as he did so: "I'm very glad to meet you, Miss Clark."

And Barbara, listening and looking with sensitiveness to detect a spirit either of patronizing or of indifference, could not detect either. He spoke and looked as any gentleman might have spoken and looked at any young woman who was his equal in society.

"Won't you come home to dinner with us, Morton?" said Mrs. Ward, heartily.

"I'm stopping at the hotel; I think I had better not come to-day."

"Well, when do you go back to Carlton?"

"To-morrow at two."

"Well, then, come to lunch to-morrow noon."

"I shall be glad to, thank you," he said, and he bowed pleasantly to them all as he passed over to the other end of the vestibule to speak to some one else.

"Mr. Morton was a senior in college when Alfred entered," Mrs. Ward explained to Barbara, as they walked out of the church. "He had an opportunity to do Alfred a great kindness, and our boy never forgot it. He used to come home with him quite often during the last term Mr. Morton was at college before he entered the seminary."

"He's a very promising young man," said Mr. Ward, positively. "I like his preaching. It's sensible and straight."

"And interesting, too," Mrs. Ward added, her heart warming to the young man who had befriended her son. Just how much Ralph Morton had helped Alfred Ward not even the mother ever knew. But it was during a crisis in his young life, and the brave, simple nature of Morton had gone out to the young fellow in his trouble very much like a rescue. But men do not rear monuments to this sort of heroism.

Barbara walked on in silence, but in her heart she also had a feeling of gratitude for the young preacher whose courteous greeting no less than his helpful sermon had given her courage. At the same time, she was conscious of a little whisper in her mind which said: "Nevertheless, Barbara Clark, in the very nature of the case you are not privileged to move in the society of young men like Mr. Morton, as long as you are a servant. You may be college bred, and you may be as refined and intelligent as he is; but he could never look on you as an equal. His courtesy was paid to you as a minister would be courteous to any woman, but not as an equal in any sense. You never could expect to sit down and talk together, you never could anticipate the enjoyment of his company or—or—expect that he could ever call to see you as—as he might call to see—"

Barbara colored deeply as she allowed the whisper to die away in uncompleted fragments of imagination. She was the last girl in the world to have foolish, romantic dreams of young men. She had never had a lover. No one had ever made her think of any such possibility. She was singularly free from any silly sentiment such as girls of her age sometimes allow to spoil the freshness and strength of a womanly heart. But she was romantic in many ways; and, being a woman and not an angel or a statue, she had thought at times of some brave, helpful, strong life that might become a part of hers. The world-old cry of the heart for companionship, the hunger, God-given to men and women, was not unknown to Barbara within the last year or two when she had begun to blossom into womanhood. The thought that her choice of a career in service had put her outside the pale of a common humanity's loving smote her with another pang as she walked along. It seemed that there were depths and heights to this servant-girl problem that she was constantly discovering, into which she might never descend, and out to which she might never climb.

Carl awoke her from her thoughts by dragging at her dress, and saying: "Come, Barbara, let's hurry. I'm hungry. Let's hurry now and get dinner."

Barbara looked at Mrs. Ward.

"Yes, go on with him if you want to. Lewis will be impatient. He ran on ahead before his father could stop him. I don't feel well enough to walk faster."

So Barbara hurried on with Carl and as she pasesd several groups of churchgoers she was conscious that she herself was the object of conversation. She could not hear very well, but caught fragments of sentences, some spoken before, some after, she had passed different people.

"A freak of Mrs. Ward's—" "Mrs. Vane's queer ideas—" "Perfectly absurd to try to equalize up—" "Girls have no right to demand—" "Ought to know their places—" "No way to help solve the trouble," etc., were remarks by the different members of Marble Square church that set Barbara's pulses beating and colored her cheek with anger.

"You hurt me, Barbara" exclaimed Carl as Barbara unconsciously gripped his little hand.

"O dearie, I am so sorry. I didn't mean to." In an instant she was calm again. What! Barbara Clark! You have not endured anything to-day! She had not anticipated anything before going to church. She had simply made up her mind to take what came and abide by it. What had actually happened was not a sample of what might happen Sunday after Sunday. Probably not. But it all went with the place she had chosen. Perhaps it was not at all the thing for Mrs. Ward to do. It might not accomplish any good. But then, it —she stopped thinking about it and went on to the house to prepare the lunch. When Mrs. Ward came in, she found Carl satisfied with a bowl of bread and milk and Barbara quietly busy getting lunch for the rest.

Mrs. Ward offered to help with the work; but Barbara saw that she was very tired, and insisted on her lying down.

"I'll have everything ready very soon," she said cheerfully; and, as she went back into the kitchen, she was humming one of the hymns sung in the service.

"What do you think about to-day?" Mr. Ward asked in a low voice as his wife lay down on a lounge in the dining-room.

"You mean Barbara's sitting with us?"

"Yes. Will it help matters any?"

"O, I don't know. I never would have done it if I hadn't happened to think of Mrs. Vane. She's rich and has an assured place in society. Her girls always come with her and she introduces them right and left to everybody."

"Yes, Martha, but Mrs. Vane is eccentric in all her ways. She is accepted because she is rich and independent. But have you noticed that these girls that come to church with her never get on any farther? No one knows them in spite of her introductions. I inquired of young Williams one Sunday if the Barnes girl was in the Endeavor society of the church, and he said he believed she came there three or four times and then stopped; and, when I asked him the reason, he said she did not feel at home, the other girls were better educated or something like that."

"That's just it. You can't mix up different classes of people. If they were all like Barbara, now, and knew their places—"

But just then Barbara appeared, and Mrs. Ward abruptly stopped. When Barbara went out again, she said: "I don't know whether her going with us to-day did more harm or good."

"It did the girl good, I am sure," said Mr. Ward.

"O, well, I hope it did. But I'd give a good deal to know what Mrs. Rice and Mrs. Wilson and Mrs. Burns thought about it. They knew Barbara, for they have seen her here several times at our club committee meetings."

"You don't suppose they would talk about it, do you?" asked Mr. Ward, sarcastically.

"They were talking about it all the way home, or I'm very much mistaken."

"What an inspiring thing it would be to a minister if he could only hear the conversation of his congregation for half an hour after church service is over," said Mr. Ward, half to himself and half to his wife. "Whatever else he got out of it, he ought to get material for another sermon at least."

"For more than one," added Mrs. Ward, wearily. And then Barbara called them and they sat down to lunch.

But just what Mrs. Ward's three friends did say is of interest, because it is a fair sample of what other people of Marble Square church said on the way home, and the young preacher might possibly have thought that there is still a distinct place left for preaching in churches, if he could have heard what those three women had to say about Barbara.

They came out of the church and walked along together.

"It was a good sermon," Mrs. Rice began. Mrs. Rice was a plump, motherly-looking woman, and a great worker in the church and clubs of Crawford.

"Mr. Morton is a young man. He has a good deal to learn," said Mrs. Wilson positively.

"Dr. Law exchanges a good deal too much, I think," was Mrs. Burns' comment. "This is the third exchange since—since—last March."

[To Be Continued.]

WISHED FOR BRET HARTE.

New York Man Tells a Story Which Made Him Sorry He Heard It First.

At an informal setdown the other night, says the Chicago Tribune, of a few professional men one of them said: "I see that Bret Harte is coming back to the United States and that he will visit some of the former scenes where he found his best stories. Bret Harte is like all Americans who go abroad to live. There comes a time when they want to get back home. They know that they can always find a hearing here. I suppose Bret Harte, however, will find some changes in the section of the country where he met the characters and saw the scenes which made his stories so well liked by all Americans. Other writers have been in the field, and if they have not told what they saw as Bret Harte would have done, they have at least taken off the edge, and Bret Harte will have to draw on his imagination if he gives us anything original as the result of his visit.

"I was out in the Sierras last summer, but I saw only one character whom I think Bret Harte would have enjoyed as a matter of business. He was a young man who, having touched all sides of mountain life, at last settled down in a place where the inhabitants seemed to be huddled in order to rest, as a minister. They told me he was an all-round minister, by which I was given to understand that he had no creed. One of the inhabitants explained that all they wanted a preacher for was to marry the marriageable and bury the dead.

"There had been a death in the community a few weeks before, and the all-round was called upon to officiate. It was his first funeral. Having told the manner of the taking off of the deceased, he said to the mourning ones by way of consolation:

"'His time was come and he had to go. The Lord gives and the Lord takes away, says the Good Book, and the man who writ it knowed thar was no use buckin', for he said right after it, hurrah for the Lord.'

"When I heard the story I felt sorry, for I wished that Bret Harte could have heard it first."

An Exceptional Case.

"My dear sir," he began as he entered the room across the hall, "I find myself short by about—"

"Sorry, but I'm dead broke," interrupted the other.

"Is it possible? As I was saying, I find—"

"No use; can't help you."

"You mean you have no money to spare?"

"Not a red."

"Then let me lend you $25. Here it is."

"But I thought—"

"Yes, I see, but it isn't the case. I was going to say that I found myself short of cats at the house by about half a dozen, and I wanted to ask if you had any to spare or could direct me to a cat store. As for money, you can have a hundred if you want it."—Boston Globe.

A Sure Thing.

Promoter—Now, in case the stock goes up you win.

Financier—Yes, but in case it goes down?

"Then I win. You see, this is a sure thing; one or the other of us is sure to win."—Ohio State Journal.

A Successful Case.

First Lawyer—I just concluded a very successful case.

Second Lawyer—Your client won, eh?

First Lawyer—O, no, but I got my fees.—Ohio State Journal.

Had a Better Story.

"Did you see the account of that flash of lightning that burned the hair from a boy's head without otherwise hurting him?"

"I did," answered the cheerful liar, "and I was pained to note the incompleteness of the story. Now, I happen to know of a case that is really remarkable. The lightning entered a barber's shop and not only undertook the task of singeing a man's hair, but it rung up the proper amount on the cash register."—Chicago Post.

A Fatal Mistake.

Mrs. Isolate (of Lonelyville)—You say the new cook only stopped long enough at the Lonelyville railroad station to take the next train back to the city, Ferdinand? I fear you didn't show her enough little attentions on the trip out!

Isolate (miserably)—I bought her everything the train boy had; but I knew I had lost her when I didn't kiss her when the train went through the tunnel!—Brooklyn Eagle.

Too Effective.

"John," said Mrs. Billus, after the caller had gone away, "I wish you wouldn't bunch your blunders so."

"What do you mean, Maria?" asked Mr. Billus.

"I didn't mind your telling her that you were ten years older than I, but you followed it up a minute later by letting it slip out that you were 52."—Chicago Tribune.

It Would Seem So.

Some men work all night long,
And some from sun to sun;
But the bill collector has a snap—
His work is always dun.
—Chicago Daily News.

COMPARISON.

"Miss May, I do not know any better way to describe my embarrassment in your presence than to say that I feel as if I were about to be examined at school."—Bombe.

The Cynic's Misfortune.

This world's a place, when all is done,
By fond illusions ruled;
That man cannot have any fun
Who never can be fooled.
—Washington Star.

A Sure Indication.

"Oh, I visited such a woefully poverty-stricken family this morning," said the sympathetic member of the charity committee.

"Indeed!" asked the chairman of the committee. "Were they very, very poor?"

"Poor! Man, it is pitiable. Why, they are so poor that they keep 15 dogs."—Baltimore American.

Accounting for It Chemically.

"It may be merely fancy," remarked Mrs. Selldom-Holme, "but since my husband began drinking the water from that iron spring he has seemed to be ten times as obstinate as he used to be."

"Perhaps," suggested Mrs. Nexdore, "the water is tinctured with pig iron."—Chicago Tribune.

His Busy Day.

Quarryman—Biddy!

His Wife—Phwat do ye want now, sure?

Quarryman—Pour some kerosene on th' fire an' make it hot so Oi can thawout me dynamite.—N. Y. Weekly.

The Better Part.

The bachelors say that, on the whole,
Their independent homes will do;
But married men have better halves
And therefore better quarters, too.
—Good Housekeeping.

THOSE EQUINE HATS.

Uncle Hickoryerick—Whoa, thar, Betsy! Dang it! Whar ye gwine?

Betsy—There's a furniture van ahead with a mirror in the rear end. I want to see if my hat's on straight.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Very Exciting.

He—That must be a very interesting book you are reading.

She—Oh, it's awfully exciting! The heroine changes her gown six times in the first chapter."—Tit-Bits.

Quite a Difference.

"You announce in your paper," said the wrathful young woman, "that I would not be married, all reports to the contrary notwithstanding."

"Well, isn't that the report you sent in?" asked the society editor.

"No, it isn't," answered the wrathful young woman. "The inference is all wrong. I said I would not be married to the particular young man to whom I was reported engaged, which is quite a different matter."—Chicago Post.

At It Again.

Once more the lonely fisherman
Dusts off his book of flies;
Likewise his reel and pocket flask,
Also his last year's lies.
—Chicago Daily News.

THE LATEST COMPOSITE.

A composite picture of Mrs. Smith's cooks for a year. She had a run of poor luck, including a Chinaman, a negro and several rather strong-minded and buxom females.—Good Housekeeping.

Odd.

"Any odd job?" the tramp inquired.
The housewife answered with a nod.
"Were you to do most any job,"
She pleasantly observed, "'twere odd!"
—Detroit Free Press.

Probably Never Heard of It.

The theological argument waxed warmer and warmer.

"But, my dear sir," protested Deacon Ironside, aghast, "you don't pretend to know more about it than the Apostle Peter did, do you?"

"What did the Apostle Peter know," retorted the man with the aggressive pompadour, "about the higher criticism?"—Chicago Tribune.

A Mystery Solved.

Bessie and her father were sitting out on the lawn looking at the stars.

"That very red one," said her father, "is Mars, named after the god of war."

"The god of war!" cried Bessie. "Oh, papa, I wonder if that isn't where the shooting stars come from?"—Detroit Free Press.

He Is Still Looking.

"Here's a good chance for you, Jack," said the father of the young man just about to graduate from college, looking up from the "want" advertisement in the paper.

"A chance isn't what I want," said the young man, loftily. "I'm looking for an opportunity."—Somerville Journal.

Satisfactorily Explained.

"Why do you talk so much?" ma cried,
Reproving little May.
"I s'pose it's 'cause," the child replied,
"I'se got so much to say."
—Catholic Standard and Times.

FATHERLY ADVICE.

"Wot's de matter, Billy?"

"Me intented trew me over becuz I didn't have no automobile."

"Take an old man's advice, an' don't have nothin' more to do wid her. A woman wid extravigant ideas like dat would ruin any man."—Detroit Free Press.

Mental Activity.

The man whose mind is ne'er content
On one of two extremes is bent.
He pushes on to fame's front rank
Or else he gets to be a crank.
—Washington Star.

One Way of Telling.

Curley—See that fellow looking over there? He used to go to the same college that I did. I wonder if he remembers me?

Burleigh—Ask him for the loan of five dollars.

Curley—What for?

Burleigh—If he remembers you, you won't get it.—Judge.

Making Progress.

Miss Young (enthusiastically)—Oh, Miss Timer is so lovely, so intellectual! Not in her first youth, you know, but—

Miss Stager—No; but from what I have learned about her, I should think she must be well on in her second childhood.—Leslie's Weekly.

A Practical Guess.

"What makes that friend of yours keep clamoring for the young man in politics?"

"I don't know," answered Senator Sorghum, "unless he thinks that some of the older fellows are getting too wary and hard to handle."—Washington Star.

CUNNING PET MONKEY.

The Clever Creature Kissed the Baby Instead of Pulling Its Ears.

Jack, my pet monkey, is full of mischief. One day he got into the kitchen, and when the cook was not paying particular attention to him he jumped up on the table, seized a pan of water that was standing there and emptied its contents on the sleeping cat, says a writer in the Cincinnati Enquirer. He never lost an opportunity to play a joke on old Tab, or on the younger cats, either, for that matter. He often succeeded, when he was caged, in enticing the cats close to the bars, when he would seize their ears and pull them until the victims fairly squealed.

This habit of his was well known to a neighbor of mine, and once, when she was visiting me with her baby, the little one, unnoticed for the moment, crawled up to the cage to have a good look at Jack. The mother saw it and rushed to rescue the child, but Jack was too quick for her and had grasped it by the shoulders before she could reach the spot. He had no intention of pulling its ears, however, for he drew it gently to the bars and kissed it right on the face.

MINISTER WU TO THE WOMEN.

The Famous Chinese Official's Response to a Toast for "The Ladies."

The wise and facetious Minister Wu Ting-Fang made his appearance in a new role the other evening at a large gathering where both ladies and gentlemen were present, where he was the most conspicuous guest. He was asked to say a few words to the ladies, in response to a toast to them. He said: "When I see so many finely built women confronting me, and I am called upon to be the 'gallant' of the moment, what can I say but that I wish for that moment only I were not a Chinaman—I should like to be an American as I stand here, so that each one of you would appear as beautiful to me as you actually must be when seen through your countrymen's eyes. Alas! the slight difference in the formation of my orbs cannot do justice to the impression you make upon me, individually and jointly and severally. But there are some well-nourished figures and forms amongst you that really appear to be as fine as the best that my own fertile country has produced. And your intelligence and souls, I am told, which are hidden under your intricate fashionable apparel, are more beautiful even than your forms. May you all feel the depth and sincerity of my admiration, and may your youthful looks and honorable years always walk hand in hand."

MISS ANNA MORGAN.

This charming young lady, who is the eldest daughter of J. Pierpont Morgan, the famous financier and trust organizer, has recently completed a two weeks' hunting trip through the Colorado mountains, in which lions, lynx, wildcats, foxes and coyotes fell before her gun. She is an excellent shot, and rarely misses her game. Miss Morgan was a member of the hunting party headed by Prof. Henry E. Osborn. The party spent most of the time in the vicinity of Marvin Lake, 25 miles from Colorado Springs.

SOUND KEEPS FLIES AWAY.

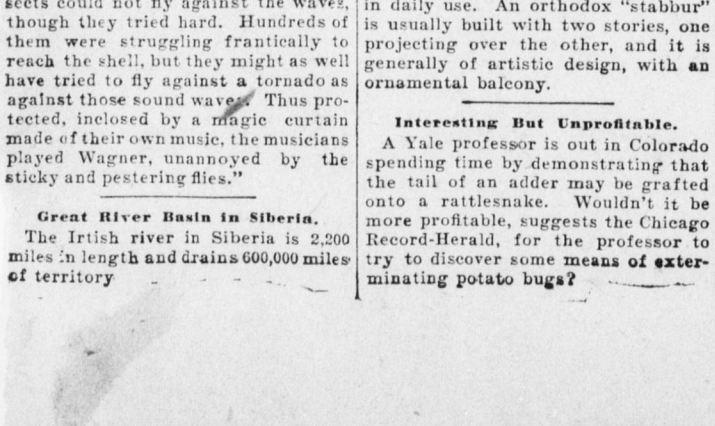
That Is Why Musicians Are Not Annoyed While They Are Playing.

"While listening to an open-air concert the other day," said a young man, reports the Philadelphia Record, "I was greatly annoyed by the flies, which were so persistent that I could hardly drive them away. I wondered how the musicians, with both hands busy playing, stood them, and I drew near the shell in which they sat to see. To my surprise I found that there was not a fly in the shell, and then, to my greater surprise, I discovered why this was. The sound waves of the music, rolling with tremendous volume from the shell, kept out the flies. The insects could not fly against the waves, though they tried hard. Hundreds of them were struggling frantically to reach the shell, but they might as well have tried to fly against a tornado as against those sound waves. Thus protected, inclosed by a magic curtain made of their own music, the musicians played Wagner, unannoyed by the sticky and pestering flies."

Great River Basin in Siberia.

The Irtish river in Siberia is 2,200 miles in length and drains 600,000 miles of territory

BURIAL PLACE OF JEFFERSON AT MONTICELLO.



Monticello, Va., has often been called the shrine of democracy. The democrats of Missouri will erect a new monument over the grave of the immortal Thomas. More than 1,000 of the leading democrats of St. Louis and other parts of Missouri have already responded to the call of the Jefferson club, of St. Louis, to unveil a monument of red slenite on the sage's grave at Monticello on October 10. The promoters of the memorial exercises propose to make the unveiling one of the most memorable occasions in the history of the democratic party.

Norwegian Storehouse.

A peculiarity of the Norwegian farm is the "stabbur," a sort of storehouse set upon posts, with either tin pan or a large sheet of slate on the top of each post to prevent the rats and mice and other depredators from obtaining admission. The "stabbur" is intended for the storage of the winter's supply of provisions for the family, such as flour, dried meat, fish, cured pork, "flatbrod," the bread which is baked only once or twice a year; butter and cheese, and the extra clothing and bedding that are not in daily use. An orthodox "stabbur" is usually built with two stories, one projecting over the other, and it is generally of artistic design, with an ornamental balcony.

Interesting But Unprofitable.

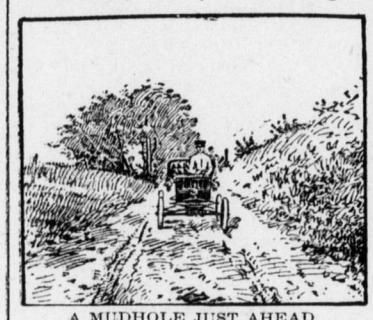
A Yale professor is out in Colorado spending time by demonstrating that the tail of an adder may be grafted onto a rattlesnake. Wouldn't it be more profitable, suggests the Chicago Record-Herald, for the professor to try to discover some means of exterminating potato bugs?

AGRICULTURAL HINTS.

GOVERNMENTAL AID.

Extracts from Address Delivered by Col. J. B. Killebrew Before Tennessee Road Convention.

The general government of the United States should aid in building the great highways, as was contemplated by the founders of the government. In fact, the power given in the constitution to establish post offices and post roads might justly be construed so as to include all roads needed for postal service. Rural mail delivery will necessitate thousands of such roads through the country districts. Why should not the general government aid in building them? How could the government expend money that would do so much good to the people of this nation? Good roads would make the country more attractive, and would tend to relieve the congestion of population in the cities. The greatest drawback to country life is the inability to move with ease from point to point, owing to the bad condition of the highways. Why cannot the government make appropriations for the highways on land as well as the highways on water? But few go over the latter, while millions go over the former. Congress votes subsidies to railroads, steamships and for mapping the seas of commerce. This is a very necessary and important work, but not more important than making the highways on land. We all know how anxious congressmen are to get an appropriation in the rivers and harbors bills for the improvement of some insignificant stream in their state. How much wiser it would be to vote this appropriation for making some highway between two cities or between two states. Hundreds of millions of dollars have been wasted on streams that can never be made navigable, which, if expended on our highways, would give us the best system of roads in the world.



A MUDHOLE JUST AHEAD.
(Roads Like This Make Driving in the Country a Torture.)

Suppose the general government should appropriate every ten years an amount equal to that now expended for pensions, say, $150,000,000, for the building and improvement of the roads of the country. This would give, in round numbers, two dollars per capita for the entire population of the United States. This, continued for two generations, would grade, macadamize, and gravel every great public thoroughfare in the country, when aided by local appropriations.

Who would begrudge the expenditure after such roads have been built? Who would not say that the expenditure was a wise one, elevating in its influences and adding immensely to the tangible wealth and commerce of the country? We paid more than this amount in the expenditures of the Spanish war. Is there a single person who would not receive a benefit from good roads far greater than he received from the Spanish war? Put it in another way: Is there a single person now using the highways of the country, or whose business is in any way affected by the traffic on the highways of the country (and this touches the business interests of every man and woman in the United States), who would not be willing to pay as much for good roads as he has paid for the war with Spain?

In almost every material thing the United States takes the first rank except in the matter of roads. In this respect it is far behind the most enlightened nations. In all the states some good roads have been built, but would it not add immensely to the growth and prosperity of this country to have its highways improved so as to be in harmony with all its other great improvements? It is the one thing in which we are still lingering in the unrelieved darkness of the Middle Ages; it is the one blot upon our escutcheon of material progress; it is the one thing that would benefit every man, woman and child in the United States, and yet we hesitate to do it.

Objections are made by many that it is not the duty of the general government to aid in building roads; that if it did it would place upon the general government the responsibility for the welfare of the people. But is not the general government responsible for the welfare of the people? The constitution gives the authority to build roads for postal service. Why not, then, build them? The improvement of our rivers is done for the welfare of the people. Why should not roads be built for their greater welfare? Both are highways, one by water, the other by land.

The quality of the milk depends first on the cows which produce it, second upon the food and care of the animals, and third on the management of the milk after it has been produced.

When cream is once ripened, it should be churned without delay. The more it sours, the more it deteriorates.

Lamentable Forgetfulness.

As the steamer pitched and rolled in the waves the traveler heard through the thin partition a wailing voice in the next stateroom exclaim:

"Oh, mamma, it's coming on again, worse than ever!"

Then he heard a sleepy voice in reply:

"Marie, why don't you follow the directions you told me about before we came on board?"

"Because I've forgotten whether I ought to breathe in as the vessel rises and let the breath go out as it moves downward, or whether it ought to be the other way, and O! O! O! I wish I was dead!"—Chicago Tribune.

A Scholarly Retort.

A famous scholar, whose hobby was the derivation of words, had occasion to store his furniture while proceeding to the continent in quest of the origin of the term "Juggins." During his researches in Berlin he received from the warehouse company the following letter: "Sir—We have the honor to inform you that the mattrass you sent to our store had the moth in it. Since the epidemic would expose the goods of other clients to injury, we have caused your mattrass to be destroyed."

The scholar replied: "Dear Sir—My mattress may, as you say, have had moth in it, but I am confident that it had an 'e' in it also."—London King.

All Servants Alike.

Towne—I could never understand why political officeholders are called public servants.

Browne—Why not?

"Because they're really our bosses."

"Well? I guess you never kept house, did you?"—Philadelphia Press.

His Scheme.

Tigg—Did you hear what Count Debroke tried to do when he came over here in search of an heiress?

Nigg—No. What was it?

"Wanted a position as tax assessor, so he could get inside information."—Baltimore American.

So Timely!

"I think it is so nice," said the fair young thing at the boarding house table during a labor discussion, "that the men can have their strikes during the hot months, when they would be wanting vacations, anyway."—Baltimore American.

It is always easier to praise virtue than to pursue it.—Ram's Horn.

THE MARKETS.

New York, Aug. 30.

Flour—Inactive and about steady.
Wheat—No. 2 red 74½c.
Corn—No. 2 at 59¾c.
Oats—No. 2 white 40c.
Beeves—No trading. Veals $5.00@8.00.
Sheep—Steady at $2.50@3.65, lambs $4.50@6.00.
Hogs—Yorkers $6.80.

Cleveland, Aug. 30.—Flour—Winter wheat, patents, $3.60@3.90.
Wheat—No. 2 red 71½c.
Corn—No. 2 yellow 57¾c.
Oats—No. 2 white 38¾c.
Butter—Best creamery 21½c.
Cheese—York state 11c.
Eggs—Best 16c.
Potatoes—New $1.00@1.25.
Cattle — Best steers $4.85@5.00, calves $6.00@7.25.
Hogs—Yorkers $6.40.
Sheep — Best $3.65@3.75, lambs $5.00@5.25.

Toledo, Aug. 30.—Wheat—Cash 71½c.
Corn—Cash 57c.
Oats—Cash 35½c.

East Liberty, Aug. 30.—Cattle—Choice $5.60@5.75, prime $5.25@5.50.
Hogs—Best grades $6.60@6.75.
Sheep—Best wethers $4.00@4.10, lambs $5.00@6.25.

East Buffalo, Aug. 30.—Cattle—Fair to light steers $4.35@4.65.
Hogs—Choice Yorkers $6.60@6.75, pigs $6.25@6.35.
Sheep—Wethers $3.85@4.90, lambs $5.85@6.00.

Cincinnati, Aug. 30.—Hogs—Active at $4.30@6.50.
Cattle—Easy at $2.25@5.25.

How He Loved Her.

A negro man went into Mr. E——'s office for the purpose of instituting a divorce suit against his wife. Mr. E—— proceeded to question him as to his grounds for complaint. Mr. E—— looked up from his papers, and saw that big tears were running down over the cheeks of the applicant for divorce.

"Why," said the lawyer, "you seem to care a great deal for your wife? Did you love her?"

"Love her, sir? I jest analyzed her!!"

This was more than professional dignity could withstand, and Mr. E—— laughed until the negro, offended, carried his case elsewhere.—Short Stories.

Seeking to Solve a Mystery.

The little East end girl who had hash for breakfast the other morning looked at the last mouthful of her share long and earnestly as she poised it on her fork. Then she passed it out of sight. But the mystery still engrossed her mind.

"Daddy," she said, "what was hash when it was alive?"—Recollections of Mrs. Minnie E. Leo, in What to Eat.

At Norumbega Park.

First Monkey—What is that standing out there with its hair parted in the middle and sucking a cane?

Second Monkey—That's a man.

"Just to think that such a looking thing as that should have descended from us!"—Boston Post.

An Answer for the Anxious.

Marie B., of Waverly—No, Marie, just because the young man writes you a letter on fly paper, you need not jump at the conclusion that he is stuck on you. No, indeed.—Baltimore American.

Ask Your Dealer for Allen's Foot-Ease,
A powder to shake into your shoes. It rests the feet. Cures Swollen, Sore, Hot, Callous, Aching, Sweating feet and Ingrowing Nails, Corns, Bunions. Allen's Foot-Ease makes new or tight shoes easy. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores, 25c. Sample mailed FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N.Y.

Another Record Smashed.

Finding undigested food in the stomach of a Siberian mammoth that had been dead 50,000 years breaks the record for chronic dyspepsia.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is an infallible medicine for coughs and colds.—N. W. Samuel, Ocean Grove, N. J., Feb. 17, 1900.

Far from Sufficient.

Her Admirer—You know I would do anything in reason to please you.

She—Anything in reason? I knew you only imagined yourself in love!—Puck.

Check Coughs, Colds and Croup
With Hoxsie's Croup Cure. No opium. 50 cts.

He who slanders another smuts himself.—Ram's Horn.

WHAT IS A SLICKER?
IF IT BEARS THIS TRADE MARK

TOWER'S FISH BRAND
IT IS THE BEST WATERPROOF OILED COAT IN THE WORLD.
MADE FOR SERVICE IN THE ROUGHEST WEATHER.
ON SALE EVERYWHERE. TAKE NO SUBSTITUTES.
CATALOGUES FREE SHOWING FULL LINE OF GARMENTS AND HATS.
A. J. TOWER CO., BOSTON, MASS. 48

STARK TREES best by test—77 YEARS. LARGEST Nursery. FRUIT BOOK free. We WANT MORE SALESMEN. PAY CASH Weekly. STARK BROS, Louisiana, Mo.; Dansville, N. Y.

OPIUM WHISKY and other drug habits cured. We want the worst cases. Book and references FREE. Dr. B. M. WOOLLEY, Box 3, Atlanta, Ga.

WISCONSIN and MICHIGAN HOMESTEAD and SCHOOL LANDS. You can locate 160 acres near railroad and Markets. For particulars address W. W. Light, Racine, Wis.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.
Genuine
Carter's Little Liver Pills.
Must Bear Signature of
Brent Good
See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.
FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION
GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE.
Price 25 Cents | Purely Vegetable. Brent Good

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

20,000 HARVEST HANDS

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

Required to harvest the grain crop of Western CANADA. The most abundant yield on the Continent. Reports are that the average yield of No. 1 Hard Wheat in Western Canada will be over thirty bushels to the acre. Prices for farm help will be excellent. Splendid Ranching Lands adjoining the Wheat Belt. EXCURSIONS will be run from all points in the United States to the FREE GRANT LANDS. Secure a home at once, and if you wish to purchase at prevailing prices, and secure the advantage of the low rates, apply for Literature, Rates, etc., to F. PEDLEY, Supt. Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to JOS. YOUNG, 51½ State St., Columbus, O., Canadian Government Agent.

☞ When visiting Buffalo, do not fail to see the CANADIAN EXHIBIT at the Pan-American.

READERS OF THIS PAPER DESIRING TO BUY ANYTHING ADVERTISED IN ITS COLUMNS SHOULD INSIST UPON HAVING WHAT THEY ASK FOR, REFUSING ALL SUBSTITUTES OR IMITATIONS.

RHEUMATISM Van Buren's Rheumatic Compound is the only positive cure. Past experience speaks for itself. Depot 88 S. California Ave., Chicago.

WANTED GENTLEMAN or LADY AGENT, only one in each town, to SELL TEA at importer's prices. WRITE QUICKLY to HOME TEA CO., 22 Pearl Street, New York.

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

A. N. K.—C 1880

PENSIONS on age, disability and Widowhood; P. L. or any U. S. Service. LAWS FREE. A. W. McCORMICK & SONS, Cincinnati, O.; Washington, D. C.

SOZODONT for the Teeth and Breath 25c
At all Stores, or by mail for the price. HALL & RUCKEL, New York.

A DEAD LIVER

He thinks he lives, but he's a dead one. No person is really alive whose liver is dead. During the winter most people spend nearly all their time in warm, stuffy houses or offices or workshops. Many don't get as much exercise as they ought, and everybody knows that people gain weight in winter. As a rule it is not sound weight, but means a lot of flabby fat and useless, rotting matter staying in the body when it ought to have been driven out. But the liver was overburdened, deadened—stopped work. There you are, with a dead liver, and spring is the time for resurrection. Wake up the dead! Get all the filth out of your system, and get ready for the summer's trials with clean, clear blood, body, brain free from bile. Force is dangerous and destructive unless used in a gentle persuasive way, and the right plan is to give new strength to the muscular walls of the bowels, and stir up the liver to new life and work with *CASCARETS*, the great spring cleaner, disinfectant and bowel tonic. Get a box to-day and see how quickly you will be

BROUGHT BACK TO NEW LIFE BY

Cascarets
CANDY CATHARTIC
BEST FOR THE BOWELS

10c. 25c. 50c. ALL DRUGGISTS

To any needy mortal suffering from bowel troubles and too poor to buy *CASCARETS* we will send a box free. Address Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago or New York, mentioning advertisement and paper. 424

CELERY KING
NATURE'S CURE
TRADE MARK

Pain in Head, Side and Back.

For years I suffered with pain in the head, pain in the side, and in the small of the back. I was nervous and constipated and could not sleep. The pills and other medicines I tried only made a bad matter worse. Then I tried Celery King. One package cured me and made a new woman of me.—Mrs. Th. Kleehammer, Croton-on-Hudson, N. Y.

Celery King cures Constipation and Nerve, Stomach, Liver and Kidney Diseases. 2

Sold by R. C. Dodson, Emporium, Pa

HUMPHREYS' VETERINARY SPECIFICS

A. A. CURES FEVERS, Congestions, Inflammations, Lung Fever, Milk Fever.
B. B. CURES SPRAINS, Lameness, Injuries, Rheumatism.
C. C. CURES SORE THROAT, Quinsy, Epizootic, Distemper.
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F. F. CURES COLIC, Bellyache, Wind-Blown, Diarrhea, Dysentery.
G. G. Prevents MISCARRIAGE.
H. H. CURES KIDNEY & BLADDER DISORDERS.
I. I. CURES SKIN DISEASES, Mange, Eruptions, Ulcers, Grease, Farcy.
J. K. CURES BAD CONDITION, Staring Coat, Indigestion, Stomach Staggers.

60c. each; Stable Case, Ten Specifics, Book, &c., $7. At druggists or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Humphreys' Medicine Co., Cor. William & John Sts., New York. VETERINARY MANUAL SENT FREE.

NERVOUS DEBILITY,
VITAL WEAKNESS
and Prostration from Overwork or other causes.

Humphreys' Homeopathic Specific No. 28, in use over 40 years, the only successful remedy.

$1 per vial, or special package with powder, for $5
Sold by Druggists, or sent post-paid on receipt of price.
HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., Cor. William & John Sts., New York

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure
Digests what you eat.

It artificially digests the food and aids Nature in strengthening and reconstructing the exhausted digestive organs. It is the latest discovered digestant and tonic. No other preparation can approach it in efficiency. It instantly relieves and permanently cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Heartburn, Flatulence, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Sick Headache, Gastralgia, Cramps and all other results of imperfect digestion.

Price 50c. and $1. Large size contains 2½ times small size. Book all about dyspepsia mailed free
Prepared by E. C. DeWITT & CO., Chicago

Failure

in life is more often due to exhausted nerve force than to lack of capital.

Strong nerves are the capital that helps men conquer conditions.

When people lose their capital they set to work to regain it.

When we lose our nerve force we ought to seek a means of getting it back. There is a way, certain and scientific.

Sexine Pills

feed the nerves, making them steady and strong as steel.

We do not believe they can fail to cure Nervous Debility and physical exhaustion; that's why we agree to refund your money if six boxes do not cure you.

$1.00 per box; 6 boxes $5.00, mailed securely sealed upon receipt of price. Book free. Address, PEAL MEDICINE Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

For sale by R. C. Dodson, Emporium, Pa. 51

TABLER'S BUCK EYE PILE OINTMENT
CURES NOTHING BUT PILES.
A SURE and CERTAIN CURE known for 15 years as the BEST REMEDY for PILES.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
Prepared by RICHARDSON MED. CO., ST. LOUIS.

For sale by L. Taggart. 35-26-ly.

Get an Education

An exceptional opportunity offered to young men and young women to prepare for teaching or for business. Four regular courses; also special work in Music, Shorthand, Typewriting. Strong teaching force, well graded work, good discipline and hard study, insure best results to students of

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BANNER SALVE
the most healing salve in the world.

Good Advice.

The most miserable beings in the world are those suffering from Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint. More than seventy-five per cent. of the people in the United States are afflicted with these diseases and their effects; such a Sour Stomach, Sick Headache, Habitual Costiveness, Palpitation of the Heart, Heart Burn, Waterbrash, Gnawing and Burning pains at the Pit of the Stomach, yellow Skin, Coated Tongue and Disagreeable Taste in the mouth, Coming up of Food after Eating, Low Spirits, etc. Go to your Druggist and get a bottle of August Flower for 75 cents. Two doses will relieve you. Try it. Sold by L. Taggart. Get Green's Prize Almanac.
1n34eow

It looks as if the administration was bound to be Brown, no matter what happens.

"In dealing with man, remember that a spoonful of oil will go farther than a gallon of vinegar." The same may be said of children. There is nothing so good for children as the old-fashioned castor oil. However much they may abhor it, it is their best medicine for disorders of the bowels. In the more severe cases of diarrhoea and dysentery, however, Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy should be given after the oil operates, and a quick cure is sure to follow. For sale by L. Taggart.

If they had those 30-foot snakes down in Texas they might use them to stop oil wells.

Josh Westhafer, of Loogootee, Ind., is a poor man, but he says he would not be without Chamberlain's Pain Balm if it cost five dollars a bottle, for it saved him from being a cripple. No external application is equal to this liniment for stiff and swollen joints, contracted muscles, stiff neck, sprains and rheumatic and muscular pains. It has also cured numerous cases of partial paralysis. It is for sale by L. Taggart.

It appears now that everybody knew all about Cervera's movements almost before he started.

A Certain Cure for Dysentery and Diarrhoea.

"Some years ago I was one of a party that intended making a long bicycle trip," says F. L. Taylor, of New Albany, Bradford County, Pa. "I was taken suddenly with diarrhoea, and was about to give up the trip, when editor Ward, of the Laceyville Messenger, suggested that I take a dose of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. I purchased a bottle and took two doses, one before starting and one on the route. I made the trip successfully, and never felt any ill effect. Again last summer I was almost completely run down with an attack of dysentery. I bought a bottle of this same remedy, and this time one dose cured me." For sale by L. Taggart.

Some mosquito or other bug is busily engaged in communicating Senatorial fever hereabouts.

A Communication.

Mr. Editor—Allow me to speak a few words in favor of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. I suffered for three years with the bronchitis and could not sleep at nights. I tried several doctors and various patent medicines, but could get nothing to give me any relief until my wife got a bottle of this valuable medicine, which has completely relieved me.—W. S. BOCKMAN, Bagnell, Mo This remedy is for sale by L. Taggart.

It would be interesting to know what "Bob" Evans thinks of the insectiverous proclivities of Hackett.

A Night of Terror.

"Awful anxiety was felt for the widow of the brave General Burnham of Machias, Me., when the doctors said she would die from Pneumonia before morning" writes Mrs. S. H. Lincoln, who attended her that fearful night, but she begged for Dr. King's New Discovery, which had more than once saved her life, and cured her of Consumption. After taking, she slept all night. Further use entirely cured her." This marvellous medicine is guaranteed to cure all Throat, Chest and Lung Diseases. Only 50c and $1.00. Trial bottles free at L. Taggart's drug store.

The official forecasters being now in session at Milwaukee, they are neglecting the daily rain program.

Stood Death Off.

E. B. Munday, a lawyer of Henrietta, Tex., once fooled a grave-digger. He says: "My brother was very low with malarial fever and jaundice. I persuaded him to try Electric Bitters, and he was soon much better, but continued their use until he was wholly cured. I am sure Electric Bitters saved his life." This remedy expels malaria, kills disease germs and purifies the blood; aids digestion, regulates liver, kidneys and bowels, cures constipation, dyspepsia, nervous diseases, kidney troubles, female complaints; gives perfect health. Only 50c at L. Taggart's drug store.

It seems, according to a dispatch from St. Louis, that there is a party out there in favor of the free coinage of railroad tickets.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c. 26ly

ALL SORTS.

A never failing cure for cuts, burns, scalds, ulcers wounds and sores is DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. A most soothing and healing remedy for all skin affections. Accept only the genuine. R. C. Dodson.

There's but little hot air ahead.

TABLER'S BUCKEYE PILE OINTMENT is not a panacea, but is recommended for blind. bleeding or protruding piles. and it will cure the most obstinate cases. Price, 50 cents in bottles. Tubes, 75 cents. L. Taggart.

Travel to Harrisburg has fallen off.

B. W. Pursell, Kintersville, Pa., says he suffered 25 years with piles and could obtain no relief until DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve effected a permanent cure. Counterfeits are worthless. R. C. Dodson.

Just a few more days for the straw hat.

WHITE'S CREAM VERMIFUGE is essentially the child's tonic. It improves the digestion and assimilation of food, strengthening the nervous system and restoring them to the health, vigor and elasticity of spirits natural to childhood. Price, 25 cents. L. Taggart.

Lipton's boat appears to be talk proof.

Sid Darling, 1012 Howard st. Port Huron, Mich. writes: "I have tried many pills and laxatives but DeWitt's Little Early Risers are far the best pills I have ever used." They never gripe. R. C. Dodson.

The Shamrock is getting faster every day.

Take life as it comes, and make the most of all circumstances, but for a bad cough or cold, take BALLARD'S HOREHOUND SYRUP, the best known remedy for quick relief and sure cure. Price, 25 and 50 cents. L. Taggart.

Capt. Forsyth is now in line to be Hacketted.

Don't wait until you become chronically constipated but take DeWitt's Little Early Risers now and then. They will keep your liver and bowels in good order. Easy to take. Safe pills. R. C. Dodson.

There are fears of discord in the European concert.

If you are troubled with inodorous breath heart burn, flatulency, headache, acidity, pains after eating, loss of appetite, persistent melancholy, or low spirits. You need a tonic, a few doses of HERBINE will give you the recuperative force to remove these disordors. Price, 50 cents. L. Taggart.

Roosevelt shows signs of breaking out his club topsails.

Henry Braydon, Harris, N. C., says: "I took medicine 20 years for asthma but one bottle of One Minute Cough Cure did me more good than any thing else during that time. Best Cough Cure." R. C. Dodson.

The banks of the Monongahely may soon be Wabashed.

Corn-huskers' sprained wrists, barbed-wire cuts and sprains, or cuts from any other cause, are quickly healed when BALLARD'S SNOW OINTMENT is promptly applied. Price, 25 and 50 cents. L. Taggart.

If Jeff and Ruhlin want to fight, why don't they go to Luzon?

Norris Silver, North Stratford, N. H., "I purchased a bottle of One Minute Cough Cure when suffering with a cough doctors told me was incurable. One bottle relieved me, the second and third almost cured. To-day I am a well man." R. C. Dodson.

The weather man cannot get out of the shower-predicting habit.

Thousands suffer with torpid liver, producing great depression of spirits, indigestion, constipation, headache, etc. HERBINE will stimulate the liver, keep the bowels regular, and restore a healthful buoyancy of spirits. Price, 50 cents. L. Taggart.

Future Wild West shows will probably exhibit the bucking auto.

Many physicians are now prescribing Kodol Dyspepsia Cure regularly having found that it is the best prescription they can write because it is the one preparation which contains the elements necessary to digest not only some kinds of food but all kinds and it therefore cures indigestion and dyspepsia no matter what its cause. R. C. Dodson.

Texas oil wells have stopped killing, but the lynchers are still at it.

When you want a pleasant physic try the new remedy, Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. They are easy to take and pleasant in effect. Price, 25 cents. Samples free at L. Taggart's drug store.

The Sultan is taking a think as to whether it is cheaper to fight or pay.

Geo. W. Lane, Pewamo, Mich., writes: "Your Kodol Dyspepsia Cure is the best remedy for indigestion and stomach trouble that I ever used. For years I suffered from dyspepsia, at times compelling me to stay in bed and causing me untold agony. I am completely cured by Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. In recommending it to friends who suffer from indigestion I always offer to pay for it if it fails. Thus far I have never paid." R. C. Dodson.

Schley would have saved himself a big lot of trouble if he had gone away, too.

Have you a sense of fullness in the region of your stomach after eating? If so you will be benefitted by using Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. They also cure belching and sour stomach. They regulate the bowels too. Price, 25 cents. Sold by L. Taggart.

A Shocking Calamity

"Lately befell a railroad laborer." writes Dr. A. Kellett, of Williford, Ark. "His foot was badly crushed, but Bucklen's Arnica Salve quickly cured him. It's simply wonderful for Burns, Boils, Piles and all skin eruptions. It's the world's champion healer. Cure guaranteed. 25c. Sold by L. Taggart.

One able-bodied shot gun in the hands of a sheriff cowed the latest body of lynchers.

Working Night and Day.

The busiest and mightiest little thing that ever was made is Dr. King's New Life Pills. These pills change weakness into strength, listlessness into energy, brain-fag into mental power. They're wonderful in building up the health. Only 25c per box. Sold by L. Taggart.

The Irish in the House of Commons are having a very good run for their money lately.

No Relief for 20 Years.

"I had bronchitis for twenty years," said Mrs. Minerva Smith, of Danville, Ill., and never got relief until I used Foley's Honey and Tar which is a sure cure for throat and lung diseases." L. Taggart.

For whan Frick paid for that picture he could have bought a whole paint mill.

Consumption Threatened.

C. Unger, 212 Maple St., Champaign, Ill., writes: "I was troubled with a hacking cough for a year and I thought I had consumption. I tried a great many remedies and was under the care of physicians for several months. I used one bottle of Foley's Honey and Tar. It cured me, and I have not been troubled since." L. Taggart.

It looks as if some of our European tourists would have to swim home.

A Little Known Fact.

That the majority of serious diseases originate in disorder of the kidneys. Foley's Kidney Cure is guaranteed. Be sure to get Foley's. L. Taggart.

No longer does the "matchless leader" cut much of a figure in platforms.

H. C. Watkins, sexton of the Methodist Church, Springfield, Pa., says: "My wife has been very bad with kidney trouble and tried several doctors without benefit After taking one bottle of Foley's Kidney Cure, was much better, and was completely cured after taking four bottles." L. Taggart.

Chas. Replogle, of Atwater, O., was unable to work on account of kidney trouble. After using Foley's Kidney Cure four days he was cured. L. Taggart.

KIDNEY DISEASES
are the most fatal of all diseases.
FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE Is a Guaranteed Remedy
or money refunded. Contains remedies recognized by eminent physicians as the *best* for Kidney and Bladder troubles.
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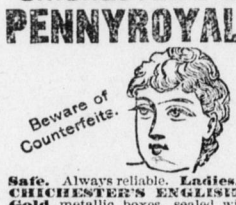
L. Taggart, Emporium, Pa. 36-28.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS



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Mention this paper.

Good Tailoring
AT SMALL PRICES.

COME to my place, pick out your cloth, let me measure you. and have your clothes made by one of the greatest tailoring establishments in the world.

It will cost less than the same suit made by an ordinary tailor, almost as little as ready-made clothes cost; and you will have perfect fit, good cloth, good making and right style.

Messrs. Wanamaker & Brown, of Philadelphia, do the work. They have been doing it for forty years. They have a big business in Philadelphia and have branches in over a thousand cities in the United States.

They buy cloth by hundreds of thousands of yards, keep about a hundred men busy cutting into suits, hundreds more tailoring it and sewing it; one man, who does nothing but buy cloth and linings and buttons; another, who designs the styles (he knows all about what London is doing—also what I'm telling him about your wants); another, who keeps the big army of tailors doing their work right.

It is one great big perfect-working machine; and yet the work it does for you is as individual as if you were their only customers.

The Fall and Winter Cloths are ready now, and they are beautiful.

Any tailor can show you beautiful cloths; but I am talking of beauty that is more than skin deep. It is in the way these cloths are treated, how the clothes fit, how they wear.

Messrs. Wanamaker & Brown authorize me to give you perfect satisfaction, whatever it costs.

W. A. MILLER,
EMPORIUM, PA.

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Refreshment room for ladies and gentlemen. Meals any time between 8 a. m. and 6 p. m. at moderate prices.

Headquarters for Pan-American souvenirs, Buffalo and Niagara Falls souvenirs

We are now showing new spring goods in all departments, including millinery, cloaks, suits, waists, gloves and neckwear.

In dress goods, silks and wash fabrics we also lead the trade of Buffalo.

We show hundreds of private patterns in new carpets which can be seen in no other store in Buffalo.

All correspondence promptly attended to.

ADAM, MELDRUM & ANDERSON CO.,
396-408 Main Street,
The American Block.
BUFFALO, N. Y

AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION PROPOSED TO THE CITIZENS OF THIS COMMONWEALTH FOR THEIR APPROVAL OR REJECTION BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, PUBLISHED BY ORDER OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH, IN PURSUANCE OF ARTICLE XVIII OF THE CONSTITUTION.

A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth in General Assembly met, That the following is proposed as amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof:

Amendment One to Article Eight, Section One.

Add at the end of the first paragraph of said section, after the words "shall be entitled to vote at all elections," the words "subject however to such laws requiring and regulating the registration of electors as the General Assembly may enact," so that the said section shall read as follows:

Section 1. Qualifications of Electors. Every male citizens twenty-one years of age, possessing the following qualifications, shall be entitled to vote at all elections, subject however to such laws requiring and regulating the registration of electors as the General Assembly may enact:

1. He shall have been a citizen of the United States at least one month.

2. He shall have resided in the State one year (or having previously been a qualified elector or native born citizen of the State, he shall have removed therefrom and returned, then six months,) immediately preceding the election.

3. He shall have resided in the election district where he shall offer to vote at least two months immediately preceding the election.

4. If twenty-two years of age and upwards, he shall have paid with two years a State or county tax, which shall have been assessed at least two months and paid at least one month before the election.

Amendment Two to Article Eight, Section Seven.

Strike out from said section the words "but no elector shall be deprived of the privilege of voting by reason of his name not being registered," and add to said section the following words, "but laws regulating and requiring the registration of electors may be enacted to apply to cities only, provided that such laws be uniform for cities of the same class," so that the said section shall read as follows:

Section 7. Uniformity of Election laws.—All laws regulating the holding of elections by the citizens or for the registration of electors shall be uniform throughout the State, but laws regulating and requiring the registration of electors may be enacted to apply to cities only, provided that such laws be uniform for cities of the same class.

A true copy of the Joint Resolution.
W. W. GRIEST,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION PROPOSED TO THE CITIZENS OF THIS COMMONWEALTH FOR THEIR APPROVAL OR REJECTION BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, PUBLISHED BY ORDER OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH, IN PURSUANCE OF ARTICLE XVIII OF THE CONSTITUTION.

A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the Eighteenth article thereof.

Amendment.

Strike out section four of article eight, and insert in place thereof as follows:

Section 4. All elections by the citizens shall be by ballot or by such other method as may be prescribed by law: Provided, That secrecy in voting be preserved.

A true copy of the Joint Resolution.
W. W. GRIEST,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Madam French Female Pills. Dean's

A safe, certain relief for Suppressed Menstruation. Never known to fail. Safe! Sure! Speedy! Satisfaction Guaranteed or money Refunded. Sent prepaid for $1.00 per box. Will send them on trial, to be paid for when relieved. Samples Free.
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We have gathered such articles a combine elegance with utility and at

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